Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To Correspondents.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR,
JAMES A. BEAVER, of Centre county.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
W. T. DAVIES, of Bradford county.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
WILLIAM HENRY RAWLE, of Phila.

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
JOHN M. GREER, of Butler county.

CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE,
MARRIOTT BROSIUS, of Lancaster.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET

ASSEMBLY,
DANIEL RHOADS, of Bellefonte.
LEONARD RHONE, of Centre Hall.

JURY COMMISSIONER,
D. B. KUNES, of Liberty Township.

CORONER,
C. L. ADDLEMAN, of Milesburg.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

A VOTE for Robert E. Pattison is a vote against the best interests of the State and Nation.

THE sepulchral voices of Jackson and Jefferson are still heard at Democratic meetings.

As Thomas Jefferson is running for office this year, why don't Chairman Hensel give us his picture?

WHICH candidate is the choice of the Republican masses--Beaver or Stewart? Vote for the man who represents that choice.

THE comet is still visible to the naked eye, which is more than can be said of Candidate Stewart's claim to the support of Republican votes.

A DECREASE of almost fifteen millions of the public debt for September is another evidence of the good management of public affairs under Republican rule.

IF Ben Butler doesn't hurry up and decide one way or the other about the Democratic nomination for governor of Massachusetts, the election will be here and over before he has made up his mind.

SERGEANT MASON'S efforts to get from behind dungeon bars don't seem to be meeting with much success. And yet he could be let off without any serious damage to the discipline of the army.

DEMOCRATIC orators and organists are already sounding the defeat of Pattison along the line by proclaiming that the Republicans are prepared to spend one million dollars to elect Beaver and the ticket. What wicked, as well as rich, fellows those Republicans are?

THE recent conference at Chicago of leading Republicans from all over the state developed the fact that the Republicans of Illinois are fully awake to the importance of the approaching contest. Estimates of the coming Republican majority range from 50,000 to 55,000.

LITTLE DELAWARE has done herself credit this fall. The State elections show that the Republicans have triumphed by a small but very decisive majority. This comes as a thunderclap to the Democrats who looked for a different result. They will be disappointed again on the 7th of November.

DELAWARE, LITTLE DELAWARE, has slipped from the grasp of the Democracy. It adds its mite to the political tidal wave which, commencing in Oregon, has taken in Vermont, Maine, and now Delaware Kent county, the stronghold of the Democracy in Delaware, and the home of the Saulsburys, gave 222 of a Republican majority. Northern men have been buying up the cheap Delaware lands and settling in that State, and as the public whipping post is giving away to the school house, Delaware is becoming Republican.

Shall the Majority Rule?

The contest in Pennsylvania is over a distinct line and a pronounced principle. The line is drawn between the majority, and the principle involved is majority rule. It may seem to some to involve nothing more than a conflict between factions. But there can be no resistence to majority rule anywhere in the government of the people, that does not go to discredit the principle everywhere within the limits of that government. If a minority may justly revolt against the fairly expressed will of the majority in a party, a minority party may as justly revolt against rule by a majority party. This, in fact, happened in 1861. The danger of such reckless departures from the fundamental principle of our system was then universally recognized, and the enormity of the offence was then obvious to every man now engaged in a mad struggle to vindicate the right of a minority of the Republican party to control it. It seems to make a difference whether wrong doing is objective or subjective.

Whatever may be the grounds of difference in the party here in Pennsylvania, the real issue is Republican or Democratic rule. The men who seem determined to have their own way, even if having their own way involved a delivery of the State government over to the Democratic party, are bound to point out some gain to good government, under Democratic rule in Pennsylvania, or to admit that good government is not concerned in this conflict. The Democrats had the almost uninterrupted control of the State government for thirty years. During that period they must have inangurated some policy and perfected some measures, which can be cited to the credit of their domination, or it is madness to assume that the country has anything to hope for from that party. But what policy did that party inaugurate, and what measures did it perfect, which the people of the State are ready to commend? It adopted a policy which continued the party lease of power, but at the enormous cost of a debt of about forty millions. It perfected measures which crushed the farmers under an ever increasing burden of taxation. But what use was made of the revenues? They could not have been devoted to paying the debt, and in that way maintaining State credit because the debt steadily increased, and the State was published abroad as a defaulter. To add to the evils of Democratic rule, after more than a quarter of a century devoted to an absurd system of internal improvements, and an expenditure of tens of millions, the State had literally nothing to show for the money spent.

The Republicans of Pennsylvania are seriously asked to deliver the State government over to the worthless party, whose reckless mismanagement has been a charge upon the Republican party since 1861. We have now had control in the State for twenty-one years, during which time we have addressed our energies to the work of paying the debt contracted by the Democrats, and in relieving the producing classes of the burden of taxation imposed by Democrats. We have paid, and provided for the payment of three-fourths of the Democratic debt, and meantime have lifted the burden of taxation from the classes most appressed. Honestly we can ask the people to decide whether it is the part of wise and honest men to deliver the people of Pennsylvania into the hands of the Philistines, who robbed and oppressed them, simply to gratify the spleen of a few men.

CONTROLLER PATTISON has not yet thought proper to make any reply to the charges made against him of having disregarded the laws and his oath of office to such an extent that Phipps and the almshouse contractors were enabled to profit as they did. An incumbent of the office who had no higher aspirations would, if innocent, have indignantly repudiated the mere intimation of such wrong doing; how much more important that a candidate for governor should deny public charges and confirm the denial by proof that cannot be disputed.

Independents and Democrats.

There is a prodigious effort made on the part of the Independents, says the Media *American*, to persuade the public that their sole purpose—in the movement so vigorously pushed by them—is to reform the Republican party and take the "machine" out of the hands of the "bosses," and relegate the power to the people. Every great movement for reform in the past has possessed an inherent principle of progress in itself, and by the force of its own essential qualities has gained a hearing before the great magistracy of Republics—the people. To secure this attention there must be some great cause of complaint,—a long series of oppressions,—a constant appeal to constituted authorities,—and as a last resort a revolution. It cannot be said, however, that a course so consistent, backed by precedents commanding the respect of the masses, has ever been undertaken. There was no attempt to appeal against the regularity of the Harrisburg Convention as a body, or the nominations as being the legitimate result and expressing the will of the majority.

There were, however, evidences of a preconcerted purpose on their part, to repudiate the acts of the Convention as manifested in the call of a rump convention for May 25th, in Horticultural Hall. Previous to the holding of this convention a prominent Democrat, a member of the Committee of One Hundred, said that he had received a circular requesting his personal presence at a meeting of the Independents,—*that the aim was to secure the election of the Democratic nominee for Governor, whoever he might be, as a rebuke to Senator Cameron.* Thus "coming events cast their shadows before." A spirit of antagonism manifested towards one man,—and he only interested in the campaign as an individual citizen,—is made the pretext of the opposition. When the question was asked of the gentleman above mentioned, "how the defeat of the Republican ticket in 1882 would affect Mr. Cameron, as he was not a candidate for re-election before the coming legislature?" he said. "it will be necessary to elect a Democratic Governor this year in order to secure the legislature of 1884. To clinch his argument, (in his opinion) he said, "unless you Republicans secure the election of a Democratic Governor this year, you will certainly lose the State in the Presidential canvas of 1884." This astute philosopher's reasoning may do for Independents, among whom it was doubtless already current, but what will Republicans say to such logic? Give away all your possessions to a body of hungry cormorants and expect them to return it at your bidding? "Consistency thou art a jewel." It is not as though there was an even fight. The Gubernatorial chair is not vacant in 1884. The Democrats would be in possession of all the political power of the State and they would simply take care to "hold the fort." The phenomenal interest taken by the Democracy in this Independent movement, by money and otherwise, plainly reveals its animus. A few leaders are to make "catspaws" of their followers.

Pattison's Methods.

According to the Philadelphia *Bulletin* the controller's office in that city has become but little more than an important part of the machinery of the Democratic party, and while its head figures as candidate for governor, his subordinates neglect the the duties they are paid by the people to perform and take active part in conventions. Tuesday during business hours only four clerks were at their desks, the balance of the force being so much engaged in political matters outside, in deciding who should be named for the legislature, and in looking after their master's interests, that callers at the department found it almost impossible to be waited upon. It is true that after Controller Pattison sent about a dozen of his clerks to Harrisburg to aid in securing his nomination, when he knew that the large majority of his party in that city desired that Judge Ludlow should have his name on the ticket, it was concluded that the office would no longer be run in the interest of the people, but if the work is to be confined to four men whenever political occasion requires, but little business will be done until after election. Mr. Pattison was elected as a reformer, but has basely betrayed the confidence of those who gave him the majority—first, by using his position to obtain advancement as a full-blooded Democrat, and second, by permitting and encouraging his employes to remain political manipulators in state and county contests.

Who is Unfair?

The *Watchman* says that the article in this paper which brought the records of the candidates on the Democratic and Republican parties, respectively, into direct comparison, was unfair so far as the gubernatorial candidates are concerned. We will grant that Robert E. Pattison was born too late to enter the army. It also seems that he was born too late for anything else, and if he is too young to be a soldier we think he is too young to be a Governor.

It will be observed that the *Watchman* does not undertake to account for the reason why the other candidates on the Democratic ticket did not take arms in defense of their country. Were they all too young or were they afraid? *Did they sympathize with our cause?* It is, to say the least, strange that *all* the candidates on the Republican ticket should have been valliant defenders of their country in its hour of peril and that *not one* of those who compose the Democratic ticket ever faced the foe—especially does it seem strange when we are told that there were almost as many Democratic as Republican soldiers in the army. Are your candidates all cowards? Democratic soldiers, what do you say to that?

We think that the *Watchman* is not only unfair, but untruthful, when it says that Gen. Beaver acted ungrateful toward General Hancock. During that campaign General Beaver made many speeches and invariably bore high testimony to the rare virtues, high patiotism, fine military capacity and manliness of the Democratic candidate. But there is a fitness in all things, and General Beaver recognized that a true and tried statesman, a man of princely mind, than whom the sun in its course shone on no greater—the immortal Garfield—was the opposing candidate, and his common sense led him to vote for the man who would make the most worthy president. That matchless administration was all too brief, but sufficiently long to show the wisdom of General Beaver's vote.

In General Beaver we have, however, not only a fine soldier whom even Hancock admired, but also a statesman and a Christian; a man who can fill the highest office in the gift of the people in a manner that will reflect credit upon himself and win honor to the Nation. Citizens and soldiers, vote for him. He is the only candidate now offered for your suffrages in whom you can safely trust the affairs of State. We believe that the State will be prosperous if he is elected, while the election of any other candidate will, to say the least, cause uneasiness.

THE speech delivered by our gallant townsman, General James A. Beaver, in Industrial Art Hall, Philadelphia, on the occasion of the grand mass meeting of Republicans in that city, Saturday evening, September 30, was one of the most admirable utterances of any candidate of any party during the present campaign. We would be pleased to print it in full, but shall be compelled to limit ourselves to extracts from it.

History in the School Room.

Considering that history is being made every day in prodigious quantities and of overwhelming interest our young people are not learning enough of it. Most of the schools ignore that which is fresh and content themselves with teaching their scholars about what was done centuries ago in Athens, Rome or Carthage, instead of telling them what is to-day going on in Philadelphia, Washington, New York or London.

The newspaper is the history book of the day. In striking contrast to the books of ancient records, it is in the highest sense modern history. In many families the younger members seldom more than glance at it. The boys read it more than the girls do, but even they, with rare exceptions, are seldom sufficiently attentive to it to keep themselves well informed on the march of events which make up history. If a school-girl is seen reading a daily newspaper she is sometimes rebuked for spending in its perusal the time which should be given to the study of some musty classic or to her task of thumping on the piano. In many cases the school teachers are quite as ignorant as their scholars concerning what is going on in the world.

The deficiency is one which can be easily and pleasantly remedied. Let the readers be supplemented by the use in the class of a vigorous daily paper. Some time might well be spent in asking and answering questions and in discussing what has been learned from the newspaper. Thus will the minds of the children be much better furnished than by exclusive attention to the dead issues of nations of the olden time.—*Philadelphia Times.*

THE manly letter from Judge Folger accepting the republican nomination for governor of New York ought to win him many votes. It may not turn the adverse tide which set in immediately after the adjournment of the republican state convention, but it ought to do so. Judge Folger does not ignore the dissatisfaction which exists, but he very clearly shows that no act of his caused it, as has indeed been admitted, and that no act of his now could allay it. It rests with the discontented to work a cure themselves. The judge shows that his resignation, which has been advised by some, could work no good, but would rather lead to the demoralization and defeat of the party, since the time is too short to call a new convention and the nomination of a new candidate would not be acceptable to those who are angry at his nomination, because it would be made by a state committee in which they profess to have no confidence.

THE Philadelphia *Record* asserts that the clerks in the office of Controller Pattison have been assessed fifty dollars each to assist the Democratic party in conducting the present campaign. And the party managers are opposed to political assessments and denounce the practice in severe terms! Will Chairman Hensel please explain why such an outrage has been tolerated.

OWING to the absence of sagacious bosses the Democratic party is already going to the wall. There is no organization nor discipline and for the want of this confusion prevails in all quarters. Without system nothing can be accomplished. There must be leaders in all great enterprises, as well as in political movements. No army can exist without a head, a leader, a boss, if you please; no political party can hang together without a director, a manager, a head or a boss. Seeing this, when it is too late, and realizing their usual fate, the Democrats are now preparing for defeat by announcing that the Republicans will spend one million dollars to elect Beaver. If that is true a million dollars will purchase enough Democrats to elect the republican ticket by one hundred thousand majority! The outlook for the Democrats is bad, very bad!

GENERAL NOTES.

A TERRE HAUTE surgeon is using alcohol as an anæsthetic.

GEORGE BANCROFT, the historian, celebrated his eighty-third birthday in Newport on Tuesday, the 3rd inst.

THERE are now 1,520 employes in the pension office, and the force is announced to be complete.

COMMODORE R. W. SHUFELDT, who is at Santa Barbara, Cal., reports that his health is restored.

REV. WILLIAM STATES LEE is the only man living of those who graduated from Princeton college from 1748 to 1812.

A COMPANY at Beaver Falls has purchased four acres of ground from the Economites for the erection of a wire works.

EX-SECRETARY JAMES G. BLAINE sent Senator Joseph E. Brown last week $50 as his subscription to the Ben Hill monument fund.

THE late heavy rains have had a very disastrous effect upon the fillings and embankments of the extension to the West Penn railroad.

SEVEN cases of small-pox were discovered on a Fort Wayne immigrant train from New York by the health inspector of Chicago on Thursday.

DR. LUTHER DILLER, secretary of the State board of Chairities, is making a tour of inspection to the various charitable institutions of the State.

THE discovery of the old Indian burial ground near Latrobe, Westmorland county, is exciting considerable interest in the neighborhood.

PHILADELPHIA capitalists are buying up coal lands in the vicinity of Greensburg, Westmoreland county. Thus far they have purchased about 8,000 acres.

A LAD nine years old, named Edward Larkins, was arrested at Bridgeport Station, on the Reading railroad, for illegal car-riding. He was from West Philadelphia.

AN UNUSUALLY heavy rain has prevailed in California for two days of this week. At Stockton there was a high wind, which blew down trees and damaged buildings

THE signal service estimates that at least thirteen million dollars of property and many persons remained safely in port on account of warnings prior to the recent cyclone.

CHAIRMAN HISCOCK, of the house appropriation committee, hopes to have at least four of the regular appropriation bills ready to be reported on the first Monday of December.

ANDREW CARNEGIE, the millionaire iron and steel manufacturer, is conducting a large party of visitors from Scotland upon a tour of observation through this State and New York.

HEALTH journals insist upon reposing on the right side only, and claim that it is injurious to lie on both sides, but we don't know where they will find a healthier set of men than lawyers.

THE veteran drummer, Major Daniel Simpson, of Boston, celebrated the 92d anniversary of his birthday last Friday and received congratulatory calls and tokens from a large number of friends.

DR. GILLILAND, of Lincoln county, Mo., started in last spring with two swarms of bees. During the season he lost six stands of bees, but has eight remaining, all of which have fine stocks of honey.

JACOB B. KAUFFMAN, a freight conductor on the Reading and Columbia railroad, while walking on the top of the cars of his train one morning, recently, stepped off between them and was instantly killed.

THE executive committee of the society of American taxidermists met on Tuesday, the 3d, in Washington, and decided to hold the third annual exhibition in New York, beginning on the 4th of December next.

THE statement is again made, on what is considered reliable authority, that as soon as the Marquis of Lorne's term expires Sir John A. MacDonald will be raised to the peerage and created governor general of the dominion.

A FEW DAYS ago the house of Frank Peterman, Limerick Square, Montgomery county, was entered by a thief, and $300 stolen. Peterman was in the habit of keeping his money about the house instead of depositing it in bank.

JOHN D. KELVIE, superintendent of the Gautier wire mill department of the Cambria iron company, at Johnstown, has tendered his resignation. He intends, in company with H. W Hartman, to erect a wire works at Beaver Falls.

GEORGE FEENEY, a resident of Fall River, was struck and, it is believed, fatally injured by a train at a railroad crossing in Jersey City on Wednesday night, the 4th. At another crossing in the same city, the same night, a peddler's wagon was struck by a train and demolished, and Joseph and Matthew Forbes were seriously injured.

GENERAL SUTER, of the engineer corps, in charge of the Missouri river improvements, has sent his annual report to the war department. It shows an expenditure of $889,254 during the last fiscal year, and estimates that "$1,388,000 can be profitably expended during the next fiscal year in continuation of the improvements now in progress."

SENOR ELMORE, the Peruvian minister in Washington, received Thursday evening a cable dispatch from Guayaquil Ecuador, advising him that Senor Garcia Calderon, the constitutional president of Peru (who during the last eleven months has been a prisoner in Chili) and Dr. Logan, the newly arrived United States minister to Chili, are in Arequipa, Peru, treating for peace.

THE trustees of the Slater educational fund met on Thursday in New York. It was stated that in a few months the $1,000,000 invested would draw interest enough to enable them to begin the work of educating the freed people of the South. A committee was appointed to confer with Rev. A. G. Haygood, of Oxford, Georgia, with a view to his becoming general agent of the fund.

Poetry.

INDIAN NAMES.

How can the red man be forgotten, while so many of our states and territories, bays, lakes and rivers are indelibly stamped by names of their giving?

Ye say they all have passed away,
The noble race and brave;
That their light canoes have vanished
From off the crested wave;
That, mid the forest where they roamed,
Their rings no hunters' shout;
But their name is on your waters,
Ye may not wash it out.

'Tis where Ontario's billow
Like ocean's surge is curled;
Where strong Niagara's thunders break
The echo of the world;
Where red Missouri bringeth
Rich tribute from the west;
And Rappahannock sweetly sleeps
On green Virginia's breast.

Ye say their gone like cabins,
That clustered o'er the vale,
Have disappeared, as withered leaves,
Before the autumn's gale;
But their memory liveth on your hills,
Their baptism on your shore;
Your everlasting rivers speak
Their dialect of yore.

Old Massachusetts wears it
Within her lordly crown;
And broad Ohio bears it
Amid his young renown.
Connecticut has wreathed it
Where her quiet foliage waves;
And bold Kentucky breathes it hoarse
Through all her ancient caves.

Wachusett hides its lingering voice
Within his rocky heart;
And Allegheny graves its tone
Throughout his lofty chart.
Manadnock on his forehead hoar,
Doth seal the sacred trust;
Your mountains build their monument,
Tho' ye destroy their dust.

—*By Lydia Huntley Sigourney.*

A LITTLE DEAR.

She spread the goods before him,
With half-averted eyes,
Their quality and value
Extolling to the skies,
That voice—oh, how bewitching!
Those hands—how soft and white!
Those eyes—how facinating!
That face—how fair a sight!

"The goods are very pretty—
No doubt what they appear;
But then I think," he added,
"You are a little dear."
With cheeks suffused with blushes,
She turned her head away
And innocently answered:
"That's what the fellers say!"

Our Story Teller.

Off His Bargain.

Whack! whack! whack!

"What is that?" asked Mr. Budd.

Mr. Budd, an American gentleman on a visit to England, was sketching on the banks of a pretty stream in a remote quarter of England. He was not an artist, but an amateur who painted a little, sung a little, played a little, and did every thing a little. Putting his book and pencils down he yielded to his curiosity, and mounting on a pile of loose stones, peeped over a board fence that separated the garden of a rickety cottege from the road.

"I say," Mr. Budd began, aghast. A man was beating a woman!

The woman was taking the blows quietly enough. The tears coursed down her cheeks, but she uttered no cry.

"I say," cried Mr. Budd. "You stop that, will you or I'll—I'll call somebody!"

"Yo hold your tongue, yo meddlin' Yankee, yo!" roared the man; "and don't interfere between mon and woife!"

Whack! whack! whack! "I'll gie yo enough while I'm about it!" Whack!

Mr. Budd was not a "mighty man, strong in the arm," but he had pluck, and he had a revolver in his pocket. The next minute he was on the inside of the fence. The man made at him like a furious bull. Mr. Budd produced his revolver. The man quailed.

"Are yo goin' to murther Oi?" he asked.

"I'm not sure," said Mr. Budd. "Stop beating that woman."

"Oi've a roight to bate her. Hers my woife," said the man.

"Nonsense!" said Mr. Budd. "Stuff and nonsense! Has he hurt you much, poor soul?"

"Not more than common," the woman replied phlegmatically.

"And she niver desarved it no more," said the man. "But look yo here, maister, sence yo've tooken a a notion to the lass, I'll sell my roight to her for a sov'reign. Yo gie me a sov'reign, an' I'll gie her oop, I wull.

"You'll not beat her any more, eh?"

"Noa, I will noat," replied the man, in an offended tone. "I'm not one o' thim as goes back from a bargain; no one can say that of Oi."

"Ah, very well, then," said Mr. Budd, crisply, "very well. Here's the sovereign; and here, poor soul, is a crown piece for you. Good-by. Now, remember, I've bought you off."

And Mr. Budd went over the fence again, picked up his sketching box and materials, put his book in his pocket, and as it was growing rather late, hurried away homeward.

Such a lovely walk, and he had just done a good deed. The man seemed to have a certain sense of honor, and he had promised never to beat his wife again. Mr. Budd walked on gayly, wondering a little what queer, crunching sound that was he heard, and turning after a while to see if he could make out what it was. When he turned he understood at once it was a footstep. Close behind him trudged a woman in the heaviest pair of shoes mortal woman ever wore. For the rest, she wore a short petticoat, a big shawl, ragged at the edges, and a flat-crowned hat, with a pipe stuck in its band. On her arm she carried a bundle tied up in a square blue checked linen.

As he looked about, she nodded, amiably and said:

"Thank yo koindly, maister."

"Ah!" said Mr. Budd, nodding in return. "You're the poor woman—"

"I'm the wummun yo byed off from her mon," replied the pedestrain.

"Yes, yes," said Mr. Budd; "and you think he'll keep his promise and not beat you?"

"He's got no call to bate me noo," replied the woman. "I don't belong to he no more."

"I suppose you've made up your mind to go to your friends. I'd not live with him, I think."

"Oh! I'll not bide with him no more," said the woman, indignantly. "I'm a wummun as does my dooty, and is pious loike; and yo have paid a suvrin for I, and I'd let no other mon bate I, or order I aboot, only yo. A Christen wummun I am—none of yor loight flying uns."

"My good soul, I don't want to beat you," said Mr. Budd, as he turned into a green lane and went straight to the farm house at which he had taken board. Straight she followed. At the door he turned holding it open.

To his surprise she passed in and seated her self on a great settle, with her bundle on her knee.

"It's a nice bideing," she said, looking about the big brick-paved room with its high mantle-piece and low beams. "But yo must tell me a bit what is to be done, and if you loike porridge to your supper, or a bit of fish, and the skins off or on the praties. I know the gentry is curious loike aboot such things. And yo are rale koind. I loike yo better than him yon."

"She thinks I have hired her," thought Mr. Budd.

Aloud he said:

"I'm sorry for the mistake, my friend. I have no work for you. I'm a bachelor."

"Toime is fleet at passing," she answered. "It's niver long before shirts come to patching, and I'm good at that—roight good."

And still she never offered to move.

Mr. Budd went to the door of the kitchen and called his landlady.

"I'm afraid I've got into some kind of a mess, Mrs. Wimplin" he said. "I think the good woman in there believes that I have hired her as a servant. We don't quite understand each other."

"Ah, well, quiet yoself doon," said Mrs. Wimplin. "I'll see to the lass," and she appeared in the "house-place."

"Are you seeking a service place?" asked the farmer's wife.

"I've no coll to seek the loike," said the woman. "I'm just buyed by a new man. Him yonder."

"He buyed yo?" asked the farmer's wife.

"Aye, and the old mon were batin' I," said the woman, "and yon chap took a notion to I and gived he a suvrin for I. And 'twas a bargain fair and square; both agreed, so I followed on. Where he bides I must bide, for I'm none o' your light behaved folk but a Christen wummun."

"Yo see he's Merrican, yon chap, and don't know," said the farmer's wife.

"Merrican or no Merrican, a bargain is a bargain," said tho woman. "He's buyed I, and I'm his woife."

"Good gracious, woman!" shrieked Mr. Budd, "I took no notion to you. I gave that husband of yours a sovereign not to beat you, and he promised not to do it. That was all. I—I don't want a wife, and we're not married. Ministers—clergymen, marry folk you know. You can't buy a wife."

"Aye, aye, sir," said the landlady, "you can't in Marryky, but doon here, if a mon chooses, he may sell his woife. It's an old custom. There's not many does the loike. The old woife knows the way of her mon, and what way he loikes messes cooked the best, and yo get used to folk, but now and then one does it, and the bargain holds. Oh! I'll not stand by and see yo take one mon away from a woman, and not give her another, when yo bought her with a sovereign and all."

Mr. Budd sat down in a chair and folded his arms in despair.

The landlady continued:

"Go and put your duds away, lass, and wash your face and red your hair—for it needs it—and come help get your mon's supper, for you're noan about it."

Mr Budd groaned horribly, and threw himself about in his chair.

"I can't say but I pity yo, mister," said the landlady, after the woman had gone out; "but yo should look before yo leap, and why iver yo buyed a lass noane fair in the face, and fond of drink, it's hard to tell, but justice is justice, and I knows my Christen dooty."

Poor Mr. Budd, he saw the supper made ready, and he was forced to eat some of it. His bargain did not think of sitting down with him, as he had expected, but stood and served him as his landlady stood and served her husband at his meals. Afterward she retreated to the fireplace, where she ate her own portion from a plate on her knee. To wash it down she applied to a little black bottle which she took from her pocket, and which, when uncorked, filled the room with the odor of old rum.

"I see why t'other selled her," said the landlady aside to him, as he stood beside the door in a disconsolate mood, which led him to thoughts of suicide. "I see why. But when she gets too much inside of her just bate her well. It's the only way. And a mon is in the roight to do it."

But poor Mr. Budd could not answer. Soon his bargain fell asleep over her plate and bottle, and having been aroused, was escorted up stairs by the landlady; and Mr. Budd, who had been wondering what he could do to escape this dilemma, bolted across the road and up the steps of the pretty parsonage that stood beside the great church like a dwarf beside a giant.

The clergyman was in his study when Mr. Budd's card was handed to him, and he knew it to be that of Mrs. Wimplin's American lodger. He bade the servant usher his guest in, and assumed a mildly amiable expression suitable for the occasion.

What was his astonishment, then, when instead of entering with a proper bow and smile, his guest appeared pallid and horror-stricken, and without any preface, flung at him this question:

"Sir! How do people get married here?"

"Just as they do in other Christian countries, sir," replied the clergyman.

"You can't buy a wife for a sovereign, then?" asked Mr. Budd.

"Sir, is it possible I hear a person of your social position ask such a question?" cried the clergyman. "Do you dare to hope thus to set aside the laws of God and man?"

"'Tisn't legal, then?" cried Mr. Budd.

"No, sir; certainly not," replied the clergyman. "You can't bring your American principles here."

"I never was so relieved in my life," cried Mr. Budd. "Then both women are crazy;" and with this remark he began the true story of his adventure and his bargain.

"You see, sir," said the clergyman, "there was an old custom in this part of England which allowed a man to sell his wife for a crown. The country people of the ignorant classes believe in it still, and, I regret to say, such transactions do take place at rare intervals. Such unions are utterly illegal, but I advise you, nevertheless, to leave the place to-night, otherwise you may be hardly dealt with. Breaking a bargain is condemned by all, and it is very possible the woman's husband may think it his duty to set upon you and beat you. She may complain to him. It is not often," he added, "that such a thing happens, for those who buy wives generally keep them; but a man was killed, fifteen years ago, for breaking this wife bargain."

"I'm exceedingly obliged to you for telling me this, sir," said Mr. Budd. "As I haven't much luggage with me I think I'll leave it; and go on to London by the next train."

"You had better do so," said the clergyman, "else you will find it hard to get away at all."

With a repetition of thanks Mr. Budd caught his hat and flew to the station. He never returned to that part of England; but a letter from the clergyman informed him that several "stout lads" looked for him for three long days for the purpose of "whacking" him for being "off his bargain."—*Mary Kyle Dallas.*

The Soul During Sleep.

In illustration of the mysterious brain or "will" power supposed to exist, this story appears to me more remarkable than any of the narratives that have appeared in your columns. A friend of mine told me that it was related to him many years ago by my mother—the "Ann Taylor" of "Original Poems," "Hymns of Infant Minds," etc.—and that she mentioned the name of the family concerned. Certain circumstances lead me to believe that the family referred to was that of the Watkinsons, resident at Lavenham, in Suffolk. A son of this family had gone to America. One summer Sunday afternoon they were attending service and occupying a large, square pew near the pulpit, in what I take to have been a meeting-house. It was hot, the door of the small building was wide open, and one of the party, who sat looking down the aisle, could see out into the meeting-house yard, which was shaded by tall trees. Suddenly, to his intense surprise, he saw the absent brother through these trees, enter at the chapel door, walk up the aisle, come to the very door of the pew itself, and lay his hand upon it, as if to take his seat among them. At this moment others of the family, sitting so that he was only then within their sight, saw him also, but at that same moment he vanished. This strange occurrence naturally raised forbodings, but in course of time a letter arrived from the subject of them of later date than that of the vision, and it appeared that he was still alive and well. He was then written to, and asked if anything peculiar had happened to him on that particular Sunday. He replied that it was odd he should remember anything about a Sunday then so long passed, but that certainly something peculiar had happened to him that day. He had come in, overpowered with heat, and had thrown himself upon a bed, had fallen into a sound sleep, and had a strange dream. He found himself among the trees before the country chapel; service was going on, he saw them all, the door being open, sitting in their pew; he walked up the aisle, he put his hand on the pew door to open it, when he suddenly, and to his great surprise, awoke. The question arises: Can sleep release the soul like death?

The average poet, when sending poetical effusions to the newspapers often remarks that he "throws off" such matter very readily. If he only knew how readily the editor "throws off" such matter—into the waste basket—he would confine himself to prose, and very little of that.

The Queerest Village in the World.

All the boys and girls who have studied geography know what a singular country Holland is; that it is as flat as a dinner-plate; and a way down below the level of the sea, with dykes or embankments built up all around to keep the water from coming in—a green, level land, cut up by canals, so that you can travel about in that way as naturally as we do on roads. Holland means "muddy or marshy lands," and Netherlands, "low countries," or "low lands." There is not a mountain, not a rock; the only heights to be seen anywhere are the lines of sand hills, or dunes; which the wind and other agencies have formed along the coast.

The Hollanders are the neatest people in the world. There is a little town or village in that country, a few miles from Amsterdam, called Broek, pronounced brook, "Broek in Water-land." It has been famous, nobody can tell how long, for its cleanliness; and not only that, but for the fanciful styles of the houses and yards and gardens and streets. The people, though only peasants, are all rich, and all feel a pride in their town; it seems to be the great business of their lives to keep their houses freshly painted, their gardens in perfect order, and their yards and streets as clean as a parlor. No carts are allowed in the streets and no cattle. Though the raising of stock and making butter and cheese is their occupation, a stranger would never imagine that there were any cattle in the region, unless he went to the beautiful green meadows back of the houses, or the stables out there where the cows are kept in stalls scrubbed and washed like a kitchen. The streets are too fine and nice for the feet of animals to step on; all paved with polished stones, intermingled with bricks of different colors, and kept so scrupulously clean that a lady could walk anywhere in white satin slippers.

Every house has a little yard in front, but no shrubs, or vines, or flowers in it, or even a tuft of grass. They are all carefully paved with colored stones in the figures of animals, or birds, or trees, or tulips, or something in designs which make one think of the monstrosities which which one sees sometimes in hearth rugs, such as scarlet bears, green horses, blue trees and the like. The houses are painted in the brightest colors, just as the owner fancies; in vermilion, pea-green, pink, purple, orange, and anything else that is gay and gorgeous and queer; and the roofs are covered with tiles varnished till they shine like silver. Every day the stones in the yard are washed and polished, slippers are placed at the door so that any one going in, stranger or dweller there, he must take off his boots or shoes before setting foot in the house. Inside, everything is as clean as constant scrubbing, rinsing and painting and varnishing and rubbing and polishing can make it. The floors, of black and yellow marble inlaid, are kept slippery as glass from so much friction; all the woodwork glistens, and everything that is made of metal is dazzling as burnished brass. There is nothing in the world like it.

There are large gardens between the houses, where are trimly laid-out beds of such flowers as tulips and hyacinths and the rarest of bulbs; and all about are set up images as grotesque as heathen idols; and these are in keeping with the strangeness of everything else. The people have but little to do with the rest of the world, but stay at home and paint, varnish and scrub and keep clean. But they treat everybody well that goes there, and certainly if there is one queer village which is better worth visiting than others, it must be Broek.

A Piece of Wedding-Cake.

"Do they edit here?"

The several occupants of the room looked around and discovered a young lady standing in the doorway. She nodded slightly to the horse reporter and that individual returned the salution with a placid mile-and-a-half-over eight turdles smile, whose grandeur of expanse would alone have made it noticeable.

"You are right this time," he said. "This is the exact spot where the seething brain of the trained journalist proceeds to bubble and the lances of thought that pierce with unerring aim the brazen helmets of wrong are ever held in counchant poise by strong arms ready to launch them forth at the slightest signal of danger."

"Papa doesn't know I am up here," said the vision of loveliness, "but mamma does. The very minute I told her that I was going to see an editor she said it was the best thing to do, but when I got right to the door I just thought I should die."

"You don't appear to be in danger of immediate dissolution," remarked the horse reporter.

"Oh, of course I don't mean exactly that," said the young lady, "but I was awfully nervous, you know—I was always that way—and when I was a little girl papa used to say that the only way to govern me was by kindness,"

"Well, we'll be gentle with you," replied the personal friend of Rarus. "Would you like to read the Hawkinsville *Clarion* or the Cohoes *Freeman?*" pointing to a pile of exchanges.

"No, I don't care about it, thank you," was the reply. "You edltors must have a hard time managing all the people who come up here."

"There is a managing editor for that purpose," said the horse reporter.

"How nice! And do all these gentlemen edit?"

"Yes."

"I'm going to be married next week," said the young lady. "Ain't it funny?"

"Quite ludicrous, no doubt," was the reply.

"And I came up here," she continued, "to see if you would put a nice notice of the affair in the paper. Will you do it?"

"Certainly," said the horse reporter. "Would you like to have it referred to as 'another one of those delightful events in which the happiness of a trusting love finds glad fruition in wedded bliss,' or 'the marriage bells rang out merrily last evening, telling the starlit sky a joyful tale of love's final triumph?" Both these sentences are kept in type and you can have your choice."

"I rather like the last one best," said the young lady. "It is more tenderly beautiful. Don't you think so?"

"Yes," replied the horse reporter, "there is a sort of curfew-will-not-ring-to-night tinge to it that lays over the other one."

"Well, then, I will take that. Will an editor be around to write it up?"

"Certainly."

"I will send you a piece of the wedding cake," continued the young lady.

"Do," said the horse reporter. "There is a dog up my way that needs killing."

How a Miller Collected the Pastor's Salary.

A worthy miller—as the story is told in the Rev. Duncan Dunbar's memoir—was once pained by hearing that the minister was going away for want of support, the church having decided that they could no longer raise his salary. He called a meeting and advised his brethren very modestly, for he was one of the poorest among the comfortable farmers. He asked if the want of money was the only reason for this change, and if all were united in desiring the services of the pastor, could they still keep him, there was but one voice in reply. The pastor was useful and beloved; but the flock was so poor!

"Well," replied the miller, "I have a plan by which I can raise his salary without asking one of you for one dollar, if you will allow me to take my own way to do it. I will assume the responsibility for one year. Have I your consent?"

Of course they could not refuse this, although they expressed surprise, knowing the miller to be but a poor man.

The year drew to a close. The minister had been blessed in his labors, and no one had been called on for money. When they came together, the miller asked the pastor if his wants had been supplied, and his salary promptly met. He replied in the affirmative. When the brethren were asked if they were any poorer than at the beginning of the year, each one replied, "No," and asked how they could be when they had paid nothing. He asked again, "Is any man here any poorer for keeping the minister?" and the reply was the same as before. Then he said, "Brethren, I have only to tell you that you have paid the same as you always did, only more of it, and with greater promptness. You remember you told me to take my own way in this matter, and I have done so. As each of you brought his grist to mill, I took out as much grain as I thought your proportion, and laid it away for the salary. When harvest was over I sold it and have paid the minister regularly from the proceeds. You confess that you are no poorer, so you have never missed it, and therefore made no sacrifice. Now I propose that we stop talking about poverty, about letting our minister go, and add enough to his salary to make us feel that we are doing something!" Mr Dunbar used to say, "O, for a miller in every church!"

Stanley's Progress.

Stanley seems to be making a success of his expedition across equatorial Africa. He started up the Congo River, moving from the west coast eastward, in the fall of 1879; and a dispatch by way of Paris announces that he is well advanced on his road to the other side of the continent. The expedition is in many respects the most important that has ever been undertaken, as its purpose is mainly commercial; and it is hoped to open the vast interior of Central Africa to the trade of the world. Stanley is not traveling an altogether unknown path. Livingston and Cameron and Stanley himself have been over a good deal of the ground, and he has the advantage of previous discoveries in mapping out his course. Before the close of the year he ought to emerge upon the east coast and bring with him full information as to what are the prospects of bringing the region into commercial relations with civilized nations.

"What did you do last evening?" asked a Nassau-street man of a friend who had just returned from a short trip to the country. "I went to a husking bee," he moodily replied. "Did you get a red ear?" "well, I should say I did—two of them." "Did you kiss the prettiest girl in the crowd?" "Yes, on the strength of the first red ear. The second red ear was caused by its coming in contact with the brawny fist of the girl's big brute of a beau. No more husking bees for me."

The man with a wheel-barrow carries everything before him.

All Sorts.

There is no doubt but a lean man can enjoy a fat legacy.

The proudest day of a woman's life is her first son day.

If a woman were to change her sex what would she become? A he-then.

"Misery may like company," says a colored philosopher; "but I'd rader hab de rhumatis in one leg den ter hab it in bofe."

Several of our exchanges are devoting considerable space to the importance of "cooking-girls." It's no use. We don't want them cooked. The raw damsel is good enough for us.

The New York Herald should give a map of the lost Irish Skirmishing Fund. An old war map, plugged here and there, would give a very fair idea of the route taken by the missing money.

Getenberg, the alleged inventor of printing, lived in a six story house, which is still standing. There is a rumor that Johann used to mop each of the six floors about once a week with his proof reader.

Said an old gentleman, patronizingly, to a bright little fellow: "Be a good boy, my little man, and you may be President." "Yes, I may be," the wide-awake youth replied; "but you don't want to gamble on it."

An observant negro says: "De man who takes up de moss' sidewalk am not allus the pussan of de moas' consequence. A fifteen-cent drunkard wants mo' room in dis world than a judge of the Supreme Court."

A farm that recently yielded a profit of $10,000 a year has been left by a wealthy bachelor of Oregon to a school for young ladies. Very few men who have escaped matrimony exhibit so much gratitude to the girls.

The Scriptures mention eight kinds of kisses, viz: Salutation, valediction, reconciliation, subjection, approbation, adoration, affection and treachery. Some of the above are what O. Wilde calls unkissed kisses.

"Is lying wicked?" asked a teacher of his class. "Very," replied a little urchin, "if it is habitually practiced." "Good boy," replied the teacher; "and is suicide very wicked?" "Yes," shouted the whole class, "If habitually practiced."

An old Irish soldier, who prided himself upon his bravery, said he had fought in the battle of Bull Run. When asked if he had retreated and made his escape as others did on that occasion, replied, "Be jabbers, those that didn't run are there yet!"

Some girls havn't got a particle of politeness. Yesterday when we told one her petticoat was coming down, instead of thanking us and stopping and fixing it, she turned up her nose, and said it was none of our business, and walked into a dry goods store.

He had owned a setter dog, and this was the story he told: "Yes, sir; the way that dog was devoted to me was just amazing. Why, he heard me say to my wife that I was pressed for money, and he went and died the day before the dog tax was assessed."

Every man who has arrived at the age of forty years has lost at least ten umbrellas worth $1 each. Estimating the number of losers at 11,000,000, and granting that one third of them have stolen seven umbrellas worth ten shillings each, what do you make the total loss?

This is the way to get rich in the west, farming: Take all of your produce to the market; what you can't sell bring back and feed to the cattle, and what the cattle won't eat, eat yourself. If you follow this rule strictly for ten years, you will become as rich as an editor.

"I want to buy a silver watch for my boy," said a granger from Onion Creek to the proprietor of an Austin jewelry store. "I presume you want a watch with a second hand," "No, sir, I don't. You can't palm off any of any of your second hand watches on me. I want a new watch."

A martyr: "Talk about stopping the drinking habits of people!" exclaimed the lecturer; "there is but one way to do it—you must remove the cause." "True f'r you, ol fell," shouted a demoralized hearer, "true f'r you. That's what I've been trying to do all my life. Bring on yer cause if yer want it removed."

It is related by an exchange that a young lady, who had been married a little over a year, wrote to her father in the city, saying: "We have the dearest little cottage in the world, ornamented with the most charming little creepers you ever saw." The old man read the letter and exclaimed, "Twins, by thunder!"

"Don't talk to me," angrily exclaimed Bilvens to his son, "don't tell me that you don't care anything about what your grandfather or your great-grandfather thought about these things! You must remember that they were my ancestors, you young rascal. Respectable men were my ancestors, sir, and I wish you could say the same of yours, you young rascal."

An Arkansaw boy, who had been reading a humorous paper, remarked to his father, who was in the field "cradling" wheat: "Say, pap, why does your cradle cut unwillingly?" "Because it's dull, I reckon," replied the old man. "No," said the boy, "because it goes against the grain." The old man dropped the cradle, went to the house, and sent the following to the humorous paper: "Stop sendin' that sheet to my boy. He didn't have much sense in the first place, but now he's gone crazy."

Miscellaneous.

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Pennsylvania's Bi-Centennial.

Correspondence of the "News"

A peculiarity marked as though by Providence, is that our natal year began on a Sunday and it will end on a Sunday—a sacred hebdomadal a year long—turning the mind constantly to William Penn's immortal principles, of right, justice and absolute civil and religious liberty.

What more appropriate then to inaugurate our programme on Sunday, October 22d, with religious services in every Church in Pennsylvania, to begin our feast with devout grace to God for His mercy and goodness.

By the bye, the suggestion, has been made, and it is an excellent one, that every clergyman should write out the sermon he delivers on that Sunday and send it to some designated institution for preservation.

Such a mass of manuscript would doubtless, in times to come, afford rich food for the searcher after thoughts and ideas. And when Pennsylvania's centenary book is again opened, these discourses will be esteemed as inestimable mental treasures and priceless archives.

On Monday, October 23d, Chester, where Penn first landed, will commemorate the event with a landing and other ceremonies of an imposing and appropriate character. There, as in Philadelphia, are a number of spots sacred by reason of their associations with the great founder of the State of Pennsylvania.

On Tuesdy, October 24th, the landing of William Penn in Philadelphia will take place from the ship *Welcome*, at Dock street wharf, which was in 1862 called Dock creek. The Secretary of the U. S. Navy has promised to send the vessels of the North Atlantic squadron to take part in the ceremony. The Secretary of War will doubtless order such portions of the regular army as can be spared to be present.

The President of the United States, his Cabinet, distinguished Foreign Diplomats and all the various Departments will receive invitations, and all or nearly all will undoubtedly accept and be present at the opening ceremonies.

Large numbers of civic associations will add variety to the display by their presence, and it is confidently expected that there will be a column of forty thousand men. The butchers will parade at least fifteen hundred men, all mounted, and will have floats on which to display the several processes of their trade, except killing. President Klinefelder promises that it shall be the grandest demonstration the butchers have ever made. An interesting feature of this division will be the representation of the ancient butchers of Pennsylvania.

The most interesting proposed attraction about the Landing Day ceremonies will be the Indian boys and girls from the U. S. Training School at Carlisle with their own brass band, that performs in a manner simply wonderful. The ancestors of these same children were among those who welcomed William Penn to the shores of the Delaware two hundred years ago. And now by these same children we will give a practical exemplification of the wisdom of his peaceful methods of treating the Indians.

A Woman With a Whim.

In hunting up the battle field of Jonesboro, says M. Quad, I came across the usual score of blind roads leading no one knew where, and in following one through the woods I came to a point where a fence blocked further progress. On the other side of the fence was a farmer hoing corn, and after the usual talk about the weather I asked:

"Say, colonel, is this the end of this road?"

"This is the end."

"Don't go any further?"

"Not a rod."

"And I've got to ride back?"

"I reckon so, but you'd better come over to the house and have a bite first."

"Won't it put you to any great trouble?"

"Not a bit. Ride down into the scrub and you'll find a low spot where you can jump the horse."

When I had followed directions and reached his side he continued.

"Stranger, I want to post you in advance. When the Yankees came down here they ripped open our feather beds, broke open our chests, smashed our crockery and stole our chickens. I never laid it up again 'em, but my wife can't forget it. When we reach the house she'll take a squint at ye and ask if you are from the North. You'll say yes, and then she'll open on you and call you all sorts of hard names. You won't pretend to hear a word, and she'll heave chairs and boot-jacks and flat-irons at ye and yell at our four dogs to chaw ye up. That's a whim of hers, you see, but she can't hit ye if you are good at dodging, and the dogs dasn't bite anybody."

"But I don't want to be greeted that way."

"You never mind. It's only a whim, and after she has tired herself out jawing and throwing and tearing around she'll set to and cook the best dinner in the State of Georgia. There was a chap here from Chicago only last week, and after he had dodged three chairs, a dozen sticks of wood and six milk pans the old woman pulled him off the hoss and made him feel so much at home that I reckon he may marry our oldest gal this fall."

I positively declined to take dinner with him, and I think I hear him calling yet as I galloped away:

"Stranger, if ye can't face an old woman with a whim now, I don't reckon you bothered our folks very much during the war."

A crusty old bachelor says that Adam's wife was called Eve because, when she appeared, man's day of happiness was drawn to a close.

Medical.

Disease is an effect, not a cause. Its origin is within; its manifestations are without. Hence, to cure the disease the **Cause** must be removed, and in no other way can a cure be effected. WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE is established on just principles. It realizes that

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of all diseases arise from deranged kidneys and liver, and it strikes at once at the root of the difficulty. The elements of which it is composed act directly upon these great organs, both as a *food* and *restorer*, and by placing them in a healthy condition, drive disease and pain from the system.

For the innumerable troubles caused by unhealthy Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs; for the distressing Disorders of Women; for Malaria, and for physical derangements generally, this great remedy has no equal. Beware of imposters, imitations and concoctions said to be just as good.

For Diabetes, ask for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE. For sale by all dealers.

H. H. WARNER & CO.,
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Oh, My Back!

That's a common expression and has a world of meaning. How much suffering is summed up in it.

The singular thing about it is, that pain in the back is occasioned by so many things. May be caused by kidney disease, liver complaint, consumption, cold, rheumatism, dyspepsia, overwork, nervous debility, &c.

Whatever the cause, don't neglect it. Something is wrong and needs prompt attention. No medicine has yet been discovered that will so quickly and surely cure such diseases as BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, and it does this by commencing at the foundation, and making the blood pure and rich.

Logansport, Ind. Dec. 1, 1880.
For a long time I have been a sufferer from stomach and kidney disease. My appetite was very poor and the very small amount I did eat disagreed with me. I was annoyed very much from non-retention of urine. I tried many remedies with no success, until I used Brown's Iron Bitters. Since I used that my stomach does not bother me any. My appetite is simply immense. My kidney trouble is no more, and my general health is such, that I feel like a new man. After the use of Brown's Iron Bitters for one month, I have gained twenty pounds in weight. C. B. SARGENT.

Leading physicians and clergymen use and recommend BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It has cured others suffering as you are, and it will cure you.

There is no excuse for suffering from
CONSTIPATION
and other diseases that follow a disordered state of the Stomach and Bowels, when the use of
DR. HENRY BAXTER'S
MANDRAKE BITTERS
Will give immediate relief.
After constipation follows
Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Apoplexy, Palpitations, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, etc., all of which these Bitters will speedily cure by removing the *cause*. Keep the *Stomach, Bowels, and Digestive Organs in good working order, and* **perfect health** will be the result. **Ladies** and others subject to **Sick Headache** will find relief and permanent cure by the use of these Bitters Being **tonic** and **mildly purgative** they
PURIFY THE BLOOD.
Price 25 cts. per bottle.
For sale by all dealers in medicine. Send address for pamphlet, free, giving full directions.
HENRY, JOHNSON & LORD, Props., Burlington, Vt.

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Have for sale in HEATING STOVES,

THE CROWNING GLORY

OF BASE BURNERS.

This Stove is well named. It has a Diving Flue in front, making it a Front Heater.

Immense Radiating Surface.

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We would call your attention to

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Beautifully finished in Nickel. Our line of COOK STOVES and RANGES is complete.

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Over 100,000 in use.

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PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM.

The Best, Cleanest and most Economical Hair Dressing.
Never Fails to Restore the youthful color to grey hair. 50c and $1 sizes at druggists.

Floreston Cologne.
A new and exceedingly fragrant and lasting perfume. Price 25 and 75c.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

A Pure Family Medicine that Invigorates Without Intoxicating.

If you are a mechanic or farmer, worn out with overwork, or a mother run down by family or household duties try PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

If you are a lawyer, minister or business man exhausted by mental strain or anxious cares do not take intoxicating stimulants, but use PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you have Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney or Urinary Complaints, or if you are troubled with any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels, blood or nerves you can be cured by PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

There are hundreds of miserable sufferers daily dying from lung, kidney and nervous diseases who might be saved by using PARKER'S GINGER TONIC in time.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take GINGER TONIC at once; it will invigorate and build you up from the first dose but will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives; it may save yours. Ask your neighbor or druggist about it, or send for a circular to

HISCOX & CO., 163 Wm St., New York.
50c. and dollar sizes.
GREAT SAVING BUYING DOLLAR SIZE.

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New Carriages, Buggies, Wagons

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RAILROAD HOUSE,
Corner Front and Pine Street,

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ROBERT LOYD, Proprietor.

The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords 25ly

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That smart men average $5.00 to $8.00 per day profit, selling the "Pocket Manuel." The most MARVELOUS little volume ever issued. Needed, endorsed and purchased by all classes. **Nothing in the book line ever equal to it. Will prove it or forfeit $500.** Complete sample and outfit **50c.** or full particulars for stamp. Don't start out again until you learn what is said of this book and what others are doing. W. H. THOMPSON, PUBLISHER 401 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa. 14-38-4t

Gold. Great chance to make money Those who always take advantage of the great chances for making money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address, STINSON & Co., Portland Maine. jan1 d6mawly

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POSITIVELY CURED
BY
Benson's Capcine Porous Plasters.

Reasons Why they are Preferred to All Other Porous Plasters or External Remedies:

First.
Because they possess all the merit of the strengthening porous plaster, and contain in addition thereto the newly discovered powerful and active vegetable combination which acts with increased rubefacient, stimulating, sedative and counter irritant effects.

Second.
Because they are a genuine pharmaceutical preparation, and so recognized by the profession.

Third.
Because they are the only plasters that relieve pain at once.

Fourth.
Because they will positively cure diseases which other remedies will not even relieve.

Fifth.
Because over 5000 physicians and druggists have voluntarily testified that they are superior to all other plasters or medicines for external use,

Sixth.
Because the manufacturers have received the only medals ever given for porous plasters.

Benson's Capcine Porous Plaster!
SEABURY & JOHNSON,
Manufacturing Chemists, New York.

A SURE REMEDY AT LAST. Price 25cts.
MEAD'S Medicated CORN and BUNION PLASTER.

A MAN

WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE

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By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

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A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.

All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.

For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the

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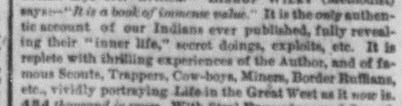

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For manufacturing, all combine to give our SPECTACLES and EYE-GLASSES a national reputation.

LOST SIGHT NEVER RETURNS.

Do not trifle with your eyes by taking UNSUITABLE GLASSES.

Catalogues as follows sent on application:—Part 1—Mathematical Instruments, 162 pages. Part 2—Optical Instruments, 196 pages. Part 3—Magic Lanterns, 112 pages. Part 4—Philosophical Instruments, 160 pages.

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AGENTS! AGENTS! AGENTS!

For GEN. DODGE'S brand new book, entitled

Thirty-Three Years Among
OUR WILD INDIANS!

A true record of the Author's *Thirty-Three Years Personal Experience among our Indians.* With an able Introduction

By ***Gen. Sherman.***

This new work was at once subscribed for by *President* ARTHUR *and entire Cabinet*, and by *Gen. Sherman, Gen. Grant, Gen. Sheridan, Gen. Hancock*, and *thousands* of Eminent Men. GEN. GRANT says:—"*It is the best book on Indian Life ever written.*" BISHOP WILEY (Methodist) says:—"*It is a book of immense value.*" It is the *only* authentic account of our Indians ever published, fully revealing their "inner life," secret doings, exploits, etc. It is replete with thrilling experiences of the Author, and of famous Scouts, Trappers, Cow-boys, Miners, Border Ruffians, etc., vividly portraying Life in the Great West as it *now* is. *43d thousand in press.* With Steel Engravings and Superb Chromo-Lithograph Plates in 15 colors, from photographs made by the U. S. Government *expressly for this great work.*

AGENTS! This grand book is now out-selling all others 10 to 1. *No competition.* Agents average 10 to 20 orders a day. We want 1000 more agents at once. *Exclusive Territory and Special Terms given.* Our large circulars with full particulars *sent free.* A fine Specimen Plate sent *in addition* for a 3 cent stamp. Address the sole pub'rs, A. D. WORTHINGTON & CO., HARTFORD, CONN.

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Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania,

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12lin'thistp'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

To insure insertion, advertisements MUST be in no later than Monday noon.

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Burned to Death.

RELEIGH, N. C., October 5.—The jail at Nashville, Nash county, in which Jerry Cox, notable as one of the most desperate criminals ever known in the state, was confined under sentence of death, was fired by him on Tuesday night and entirely destroyed. About midnight people were awakened by the roar of the flames, and many hastened to the jail, but on their arrival they found the walls and bars glowing red with heat, while the murderer within was screaming in his death agony. In less than an hour the jail was a mass of ruins. Early this morning the body of Cox was found, and a great crowd stood appalled at the terrible fate which had overtaken the brutal murderer.

Cox was one of the leaders of the famous Worley murder, near Goldsboro, in the early spring 1878. One night he and others of a gang of desperate swamp negroes murdered Mr. Worley by beating out his brains, after enticing him into the yard of his house. They then caught his wife as she ran out on hearing the dying groans of her husband, assaulted her repeatedly in the presence of her little children and then beat out her brains with clubs and left her on the floor of her house in a pool of blood.

Fifty Men at Bay.

READING, Pa., Oct. 5.—Yesterday a rag-picker named Schweitzer, aged about 70 years, came to the depot at Allentown, carrying an ax. He got in the restaurant and went behind the counter. The proprietor, who was in the cellar at the time, returned, when he was ordered out. The old fellow raised his ax and brandished the implement in a very reckless manner. An immense excitement was raised. Persons tried to persuade him to move on, but without effect, nor could he be scared. He was raging wild and ran around the depot flourishing his weapon and causing the greatest consternation, while attempts were made to lasso him. At last a man jumped upon him with lightning rapidity, throwing him to the floor after which he was removed to the poor house. He had full sway at the depot for about an hour and kept fifty men at bay for that period.

Nearly Free.

EASTON, October 5.—Fredrick Stark, who was sentenced to six years incarceration in the Northampton county prison for larceny, attempted to escape yesterday but his scheme was discovered and he was confined in a dungeon. Stark had removed the bricks about the heater in his cell, intending to take out the flue and get to the cellar through the main flue, from whence he could reach the jail yard and escape. By an accident Deputy Warden Reed drew aside a paper which Stark had placed over the heater and thus discovered the excavation.

New York Notes.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Schedules were filed to-day in the court of common pleas in the assignment of Louis Waltslem and Jacob Sulslacker, manufacturers of cloaks and skirts, at 28 White street, to Moses S. Kahn. They state that their liabilities are $48,390.95, the nominal assets $42,763.18 and actual assets $9,115.88.

William Lovel, a carpenter, aged 48, committed suicide this morning by cutting his throat. He was a consumptive, and was on the verge of death, and it is believed that sickness and discouragement led him to end his life.

Wickersham.

NEW YORK, October 6.—Hon J. P. Wickersham, ex-minister resident of the United States at Copenhagen, and family, arrived here by the steamer Rhynland yesterday and proceeded to his home at Lancaster, Pa., this morning.

Searching for the Dead.

RICHMOND, Va., October 6.—The Grove shaft of the Middlothian coal mines at Coalfield, Chesterfield county, in which thirty-two men lost thetr lives last February by an explosion, has been partially reopened and yesterday evening an exploring party descended into the mine on an incline leading to where men were at work at the time of the explosion. About 1,200 feet from the base of the shaft the bodies of Pleasant Stewart and Fred Anderson, both colored, were recovered and brought to the surface. Two other bodies were in sight of the explorers, but owing to the mass of debris they were unable to get at them. The recovered bodies were not recognizable except by the clothing. The work of clearing out the debris and repairing the mine will be continued until all the remaining bodies, twenty-five in number, are brought out, when the company will resume coaling operations. The disaster occurred on February 3 last, at which time five bodies were recovered, but the mine taking fire it had to be closed and so kept until recently in order to smother the flames. It will be probably a month or more before all the bodies are taken out.

The Yellow Fever.

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., October 6.—One new case of Yellow fever was reported to-day and one death, that of a Mexican. Thirty cases of fever, it is estimated, are in the whole city. There are no new cases in Fort Brown. Dr. Gorgas is doing well. The few cases of fever in Matamoras are entirely confined to the suburbs. The average number of deaths is from eight to twelve a day. There is no abatement to the spread of sickness. The fever is now raging in Cannargo, but there are no official reports as to the extent and the death rate. The mail arrived last night. The latest papers brought are dated September 16. The weather is hot.

Robbed of Her Hair.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., October 5.—A singular case of larceny occurred on Monday in Upper Milford township, Lehigh county. A farmer named Witmer has a daughter aged 17 years, whose abundant growth of jet-black hair was the envy of every maiden in the neighborhood. Some one entered her room while she was asleep and cut off the long flowing locks and carried them away. On the table was left a note stating that no harm was done to the lady and that the hair was all that was wanted. There is no clue to the perpetrator of the deed.

Burned to Death.

BAXSTER SPRING, Kan., October 6.—A fire this morning destroyed the residence of Mr. Rosecranz at Lowell, four miles west of here, and two of his daughters, aged 7 and 17 years, perished in the flames. The older of the two had succeeded in getting out with her mother, when she rushed back into the burning building for her little sister and had dragged her through the smoke to the head of the stairway when the floor fell in and both were plunged into the burning mass and their bodies were consumed.

Trouble in Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., October 6.—To-day Mr. Stephens, the newly elected governor, sent to the governor his resignation of the office of congressman from the Eighth Georgia district, which was accepted and an election to fill the vacancy has been ordered for November 7. Gartnell, the defeated candidate for governor, will contest the election, not with the hope of getting in, but to show alleged frauds and intimidation, and he hopes thereby to keep Stephens out till May next.

A Village Consumed.

PENSACOLA, Fla., October 6.—At 1 o'clock this morning fire broke out in Mill's drug store at Warington, Fla., a village adjoining the Pensacola navy yard, and twenty-four buildings with most of their furniture and stock were destroyed. The Catholic church parsonage and convent were also burned. The total loss amounts to $30,000; insurance, light.

A Runaway Horse.

BANGOR, Maine, October 6.—At the fair grounds to-day at Montrose, Albert Kelley, of Newburg, was knocked down and killed while trying to stop a runaway trotter. The horse continued on in its course and collided with a double team from this city. One of the latter horses was killed by the shaft of the sulky passing through its neck.

Fire in New York.

NEW YORK, October 6.—A fire broke out this afternoon in the building extending from 471 Broadway back to 44 Mercer street, occupied by several firms, and did damage to the amount of $150,000. The police rescued a score of frightened girls from Fisher's cloak factory, on the third floor.

Frank James Locked Up.

INDEPENDENCE, Mo., October 6.—Frank James was brought here this afternoon. His mother, wife and child were at the depot when he arrived and their meeting was very affecting. He was locked up for the night. An examination will take place to-morrow.

Sudden Death.

MILFORD, Pa., October 6.—Chauncy Thomas, postmaster at Shohola, Pa., and a prominent citizen known throughout the state, died suddenly of heart disease at his home to-day, aged 55 years.

Thieving Tiffany.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 8.—A Tucson dispatch says Charles Hussler, interpreter of San Carlos agency for several years past, in an interview said the dissatisfaction among the Indians was caused by the conduct of Agent Tiffany who instead of giving rations to the Indians sold them to traders last season. Hussler was instructed by Tiffany to say to the White Mountain Indians that the proceeds of their allowance would be used to buy plows, wagons, etc., but the failure of the Indians to receive them caused much discontent, Hussler states that the principal raiding, killing and plundering by the reservation Apaches was planned by one or two whites. His relation with the agency as interpreter compelled secrecy as Tiffany was also scheming to protect his wards no matter what they might be guilty of. He reveals a state of affairs at San Carlos under Agent Tiffany that is fearful the facts of which are in the possession of the proper authorities but which cannot be given to the public until the parties who have been in complicity with the Apache murderers and thieves are taken in custody.

Murdered by Her Husband.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., October 2.—Last Friday night the neighbors of Hume Redman, who lives within three miles of Mt. Vernon, Posey county, heard cries uttered by a woman in the direction of Redman's house of "Mercy, for God sake don't kill me." They also heard the sound of blows and the report of a pistol and afterwards the voice of a man which the neighbors say was Redman's exclaiming, "my God, Eva, have I hit you. For God's sake speak to me." Then silence remained which was soon broken by Redman's voice calling on his neighbors for help, saying his wife had committed suicide. The neighbors repaired to the house where they found Mrs. Redman speechless. A Derringer pistol was lying on her lap and blood oozed from her body. Life was extinct in a few minutes. Redman was arrested and placed in jail last night. There are two hundred armed men around the jail seeking an opportunity to lynch him.

Steamboats in Collision.

RICHMOND, October 8.—The steamers Havana and Alliance, of the West Point and Baltimore line, came in collision yesterday morning about four miles from West Point during a dense fog. The Alliance sustained some damage to her bow, and the Havannah had about ten feet of her bulwarks forward of the starboard wheel smashed and one or two state-rooms stove in. No one was injured on either vessel, but the passengers were greatly frightened, and many provided themselves with life-preservers, preparatory to buffeting the waters. Everything was soon quieted, and both steamers proceeded on their course.

Frank James.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., October 5.—Frank James surrendered to Governor Crittenden this evening. Officials express surprise at the surrender, as no overtures had been made to him. They think he had become discouraged at losing many of his confederates and expects leniency in a voluntary surrender.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

The G. A. R. Complimented.

The following postal communication from Ass't Adj't General Thos. J. Stewart, who was one of the prominent visitors from a distance on the occasion of the Gregg Post camp-fire, has been received by Mr. Austin Curtin:

To Austin Curtin:

DEAR COMRADE:—We reached home safely last night at 6 p. m.

We are more than pleased with the G. A. R. of Centre county. Our treatment by them and the citizens, especially Hon. A. G. Curtin, was royal and we thoroughly appreciate it.

Regards to all. Yours &c.,
THOS. J. STEWART.

—Don't fail to attend the grand Fall an l Winter opening at the Bee Hive.

—At the usual meeting of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, on Thursday evening, the following officers were installed, their election having taken place at a previous meeting: N. G., W. I. Fleming; V. G., A. V. Smith; Ass't Sec., H. C. Weaver. District Deputy Grand Master Gearhart, of Philipsburg, was present to perform the installation ceremonies.

—Harry Teats & Co. understand the art of keeping a first-class grocery store.

—Whoop! whoop! whoop! Hon. Cyrus T. Alexander was nominated for Senator on Friday. Now let the band begin to play.

—Agricultural fairs seem to be the order of the day. We acknowledge a complimentary to the annual exhibition of Lycoming and Clinton counties, combined, at Jersey Shore, on the 11th, 12th, 13th and 14th instants. Horse racing will be the principal amusement. John S. Tome, president; D. A. Bingham, Secretary.

—The usual monthly meeting of the Y. M. C. A. was held at 4 o'clock on Sunday afternoon. It was led by J. W. Gephart, Esq.

How the "Plain Steal" was Made.

Editor REPUBLICAN.—DEAR SIR: In the communication of last week headed "Plain Steal" your correspondent strikes bed rock. Let the whole transaction be known. Let the public know just how the whole thing was manipulated so it would be a "plain steal." It was proper, I suppose, that the books should be reindexed, but there was a job in it from the start. Some enterprising book house first saw the job, and worked through the Legislature a bill authorizing the work to be done.

In 1878 the Legislature passed an act authorizing and empowering the Courts of Common Pleas whenever it should appear advisable on inspection of the books of record belonging to the several offices of Prothonotary and clerks of the several courts, by its order, to change and alter the mode of preparing and keeping said indices in one or more of said offices, and direct the mode in which said indices should be kept.

The same act provides that the necessary and proper books shall be purchased by the proper officer and paid for out of the county funds.

The 4th section prescribes the duty of the officers in having the indices made, the cost of which is to be paid by the county by orders drawn on the Treasurer by the Commissioners thereof upon the approval of the Court. It will be observed that nothing can be paid except upon the approval of the Court. The Commissioners neither fix the price, or pay the bills, except as ordered by the Court.

On the 9th of May, 1879, upon the petition of twelve members of the Bar, the Court appointed Edmund Blanchard, James A. Beaver and Adam Hoy a committee to examine into the relative merits and cost of the different systems of indexing records and report thereupon to the Court. A more competent committee could not have been chosen. Judge Orvis appointed this committee and it is all he did in the whole transaction. While this committee was to report on the 4th of June, 1879, they did not report until the 2d of April, 1881. They recommended making new indices and also recommended the Hutton System of Patent Indices. On the same day an order was made directing the Prothonotary and Recorder to have indices made of the records in their respective offices, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

This order was made by Judge Mayer. On Aug. 30, 1881, J. T. Munson was appointed to reindex the records in the Recorder's office. He afterwards went into the glass works and did but little of the work. W. A. Tobias reserved the job for himself, so that he might wind up his official career with a good solid chunk from the public crib. On the 2d of February, 1882, Charles E. Schroeder was appointed to assist Mr. Tobias in reindexing the records. On the 10th of December, 1881, Aaron Williams was appointed to reindex the records of the Prothonotary's office.

Thus it will be seen that this work did not begin until about the 1st of January, 1882. Mr. Tobias was done with his part about the middle of September, 1882. It is a good job and should be well paid for, but to pay the amount Judge Mayer has allowed is simply an outrage. The Judge should know the value of clerical work. Mr. Tobias makes his own bill 55,084 lines, at seven cents per line, making $3,855.88, which was approved by Judge Mayer. A singular thing about this whole transaction is that all the orders, appointments and decrees were made by Judge Mayer except the one appointing the committee of examination. Why Judge Mayer should entirely ignore Judge Orvis in the transaction we can not understand except upon the ground that there was a job and a divy.

Just think what this index business costs. The books for the two offices cost $1000. If the bill as made and allowed by Judge Mayer for indexing done in the record office is to stand it costs $3,855.88. The Prothonotary is encouraged by the large allowance given to Tobias and his office will cost as much or more, and for the whole work we have to pay the enormous sum of ten thousand dollars.

If you will examine the last annual statement published by the Commissioners of Centre county you will find that they estimate the cost of doing the work outside of the books at $2000, for each office—a fair estimate for the work. It is not strange that the County is in debt when the people must pay for eight months work the enormous sum of $3,855.88, and that, too, under the sanction of a President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas.

Let us have the whole business ventilated. Let us hear from tax payers all over the County.

TAX PAYER.

Philipsburg.

A paragraph which appeared in the issue of the *Conference News* for October 1:

No other place in the District—perhaps no other place in the Conference—is improving so rapidly as this town. Many new homes are being erected, there is an influx of population, and merchants and mechanics are doing a lively trade. Our people are keeping pace in church matters with the move in business interests. Bro. Polsgrove has a large brick parsonage under roof, which when finished and furnished will reflect great credit upon Methodism, and will correspond with the fine church edific here. The church itself is to undergo retouching this fall yet. The charge has met with a severe loss in the death of Jacob F. Steiner, a prominent layman, who died Saturday, September 16th, at 5:30 p. m., and was buried on the following Tuesday at 1 p. m. The funeral was one of the largest ever witnessed in the county. The ministers present, and participating in the services of the sad occasion, were Revs. J. B. Polsgrove, J. H. McGarrah, A. M. Creighton, R. E. Wilson, J. S. McMurray and George Guyer. Very appreciative and touching were the addresses of these three last, the long and faithful friends of the deceased. Bro. Steiner's end was peaceful and full of hope.

—Centre county Nimrods appear to enjoy the sport of hunting for the small and large game which is to be found in this vicinity and spend many days in the captivating sport. But it seems as nothing in comparison with the exciting adventures of him who goes in quest of game among the rocky fastnesses of the western range of mountains. We have read of a western Nimrod who captured 54 grizzly bears—each one weighing 1500 pounds—during a single winter. Its dangers are illustrated by the fact that frequently the hunter falls a prey to the bear's superior strength. In reality game is scarce in Centre county, but he who is in quest of the best groceries to be purchased north, south, east or west can have his wants abundantly supplied by calling at the grocery store of Sechler & Co., in the Bush House block. Buffalo and bear hunting is to that in which the rabbit and squirrel are the objects of pursuit as Sechler's grocery store is to the many other similar establishments that pretend to deal in groceries.

A Card of Thanks.

At a regular meeting of Dr. George L. Potter Post, No. 261, of Milesburg, the undersigned committee was appointed, which, after consultation, unanimously adopted the following preamble and resolution:

WHEREAS, The late festival, held for the benefit of the Post, was a grand success financially, and whereas that success is to be attributed largely to the co-operation and united efforts of the ladies; therefore

Resolved, That our earnest thanks are due and are hereby tendered to them for their presence and untiring efforts, and to all others who in any way contributed to the success of the enterprise.

Signed, J. A. WOODCOCK,
J. A. GREEN,
JAMES F. WEAVER.

—Special attention of the ladies will be directed toward the display of New York, Paris and Berlin coats, delmans, paletots and silk garments at the opening at the Bee Hive, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 13 and 14.

—The *Watchman* of last week was principally remarkable for its dearth of local or foreign news. No wonder that a journal carrying such a tremendous load as the defunct Democratic party must necessarily be cannot summon sufficient energy to give its readers fresh and interesting information.

—One thousand people are wanted to buy groceries of Harry Teats & Co.

—Some of the finest fruit ever grown in Centre county has been raised this year on the farm owned by Mr. Isaac Haupt. He has shown us specimens of apples, pears and peaches. They are rich in flavor and generally of a large size.

—Gentlemen, now is the time to leave your orders for a fall and winter suit at the Bee Hive.

—The pavements along some portions of High street are undergoing repair. Let the good work continue.

—People cannot expect anything better in the grocery line than can be purchased of Harry Teats & Co.

A MIRACLE.—Whenever there is an extraordinary occurrence—a team runs over a child without hurting it; a mechanic falls from a third-story window, and in a week after he is at work again, we are wont to exclaim, "what a miracle!" So, when Mrs. T. S. Ererline, then of Allegheny City, Pa., had been sick with Consumption for a very long time, had been told by several of the best physicians of that city that her time was but for a few hours, that she must die, and when the use of but one bottle of *Peruna* in a week's time placed her on her feet again and made her the heartiest eater of the family, all the people around, as with one rejoicing voice, exclaimed, "what a wonderful miracle!" See page 30 of the "Ills of Life." Your Druggist will give you one gratis.

—The special bargain sale at the Bee Hive on Saturday, Oct. 14, will hold forth only from 9 o'clock a. m. to 12 a. m.

—Go to Sechler & Co. for choice groceries.

—We hear considerable complaint regarding the bad condition of the pavements along High and Allegheny streets.

—One of Harry Green's cigars is worth a dozen of any other kind.

Special inducements for orders for fall and winter clothing during the summer months.

27tf MONTGOMERY & Co.

SALESMEN WANTED.—Good, reliable men to act as agents for the sale of our new Grapes and many other new specialties together with a full line of Nursery stock. Salary and expenses paid. For terms address giving full name, age, previous occupation and experience.

CHARLES DAVIES.
Bush House, Bellefonte, Pa.
o2-3td2tw

Hides of all kinds bought at Guggenheimer's and the cash paid for them. 14-40tf.

Not an alcoholic beverage, but a true and reliable family medicine is Brown's Iron Bitters.

—A job lot of odd coats and vests at Valentines' store. Any one needing a working coat and vest for the coming winter can buy good garments from this lot at less cost than poor garments of cheap goods can be sold.

d1tawtf.

The only exclusive leather store in town where you will always find the largest stock of the best leather of all kinds, as well as anything in the line of shoe findings is at Guggenheimer's. Shoe makers and farmers will find it to their advantage by calling there whenever in need of any leather. 14-40tf

Part of a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic cured me of rheumatism. My dyspeptic wife got so much relief from the balance that she tried another bottle, and now we can truly say we have never had better health.—A Boston Mechanic.

"When I publicly testified that I had been cured of a terrible skin humor by the Cuticura Remedies, I did so that others might be cured, and do not regret the time given to answering inquiries"—Hon. William Taylor, Boston.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT OF VALENTINES & Co.—*Grocery Department.*—We request particular attention to our fresh coffees, Nicarranga, Java and Rio.

This season's catch of mackerel now in stock. At the present high prices of cured meats fish affords an economical variety in food.

The finest teas that can be had—Imperial, Gunpowders, Oolongs and other good teas at very low prices.

The grocery stock is constantly changing and therefore always fresh.

Country produce bought at the highest market rates at all times.

VALENTINES & Co.

Walnut Leaf Hair Restorer.

It is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water, and, as its name indicates, is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from all dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen off. It does not in any manner affect the health, which sulphur, sugar of lead, and nitrate of silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggists for it. Each bottle is warranted. Smith, Kline & Co., Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia, and C. N. Crittenton, New York. 14 24 1y

WARM DINNERS will be served at the

HOLLY TREE INN

After MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1882.

Steak	10 cts.
Vegetables, each	5 cts.
Pie	5 cts.
Ginger Bread	5 cts.
Coffee or Tea	5 cts.

Coffee and Rolls always ready for the EARLY TRAIN. Persons desiring Breakfast for the train can be accommodated if they will order the night before. OYSTERS IN THEIR SEASON. Opposite the Depot. 14-37-4t

A Word to the Public!

Long and anxiously has everybody been looking for a change in business and better times in general, and at last there is evidence that we have come to the time when everything brightens up again. Factories of various kinds, which have been idle, have resumed work, and are working in full blast; laborers can find steady employment and farmers are realizing better prices for their produce. But there is one very important point which remains to be considered, and that is where you can do the best in buying your clothing, boots and shoes, as all the papers you get hold of nowadays are full of advertisements, and one merchant seems to hold forth better inducements than the other. It is hard work to find which is the cheapest. But you can solve this question very easily by calling at the Boston Clothing House, just opened in Reynolds' Block, opposite Brockerhoff House, Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa.

CAUTION.—Having purchased at Constable's sale, October 6, 1882, all the personal property of J. M. Markley, we hereby caution all persons not to meddle or in anywise interfere with the same, as we have left the property in the hands of J. M. Markley during our pleasure. S. S. MILES & CO.
Port Matilda, Oct. 9, '82. 14 40 3t

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county on the 21st day of October, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m., under the Act of Assembly of the State of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved 29th April, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION OF BELLEFONTE, PENNSYLVANIA," the character and object of which is for the improvement of the spiritual, moral, mental, social and physical condition of young men, and for the purpose to have, possess and enjoy the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.
14-39-3t BEAVER & GEPHART, Solicitors.

The Sheep Law.

On Tuesday, November 7, 1882, the electors of Centre county will be called upon in their proper persons to assemble at the several polling places and express their opinion upon questions of great importance. How will their breasts swell with manly independence when they cast their vote for the State ticket! and their naturally exalted opinion of themselves will be heightened to a marvelous degree when they fold their little county ballot and project it through the open window. But parties and men are not the only objects which they will have an opportunity of electing or defeating by their ballots, for they shall also (so says Sheriff Dunkle's election proclamation), "vote by ballot for the purpose of deciding whether or not the provisions of the Act of Assembly, entitled an Act 'For the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep'; approved the 12th day of June, A. D. 1878, are desired to be in force in this said county of Centre."

The provisions of this important act are that "there shall be assessed, levied and collected, annually, with the county taxes, in each of the townships and boroughs of this commonwealth, from the owners and keepers of dogs, the following taxes, namely: For each male dog, the sum of fifty cents, and for every female dog the sum of one dollar."

The ballots to be used for that purpose will be written or printed on the outside "Sheep Law," and on the inside "For the Sheep Law" or "Against the Sheep Law." Of course, the preponderance of votes either way will decide whether or not the provisions of the act shall obtain in this county. We do not suppose that the electors will be divided by party lines on this vexed question, or at least we would not know which aspect of it to term Republican or Democratic, but we believe that a majority of the more advanced farmers who understand the relative values of sheep and dogs will vote for the sheep law, although, not being agriculturists for whose benefit, we believe, it is intended, an adverse result would not effect us. Our object in this article is to call the attention of voters to it, that it may not be overlooked or voted upon carelessly, in the mighty press of other more important matters.

—The people of the United States, where we have as hot summers as anyone need desire, present a broad and not over-wise contrast to the habits of tropical nations. The iron rule which regulates the hours for labor is not relaxed during the summer months. The tide of labor and of commerce is regulated by the clock, and not by the torrid heat of the sun which regulates the clock. We do more work in a day than people of other nations do in a week, and nothing would keep alive those who live so fast but the existence of grocery stores like that of Sechler & Co., where the choicest articles of diet can be procured in such quantities as the purchaser may desire. Americans have reason to be thankful that they have such aids toward making them the greatest people on the globe, and we advise them to purchase of Sechler & Co. whenever they have an opportunity to do so. This store is in the Bush House block in this place.

—We are always glad of the success of the citizens of Bellefonte and are particularly rejoiced at the nomination of Senator Alexander to that office for the second time. The nomination is said to have been accomplished by some attempted sharp acting on the part of the Clearfield and Clinton county conferees in which they defeated their own purposes and Centre county reaped the fruits of it. The Clinton county conferees would not sell out; oh no; not "by a jug full." Clearfield county conferees would not bribe; oh no; not by two jugs full. Centre county conferees vote right along for their man and find honesty to be the best policy.

—Remarkable success has rewarded the grocery firm of Harry Teats & Co. since they commenced business.

—The new time table that went into effect on the Penn'a R. R. the 1st of October is an improvement. The trains are now running on time.

—Smokers, the best cigars in town are kept by Harry Green.

—The most sensible strike we have yet heard of is that of the Houtzdale band, which has struck against taking liquor in return for music.

—Sechler's grocery store is the favorite with the people.

—The residence of Mr. Robert McKnight, on the corner of Spring and Lamb streets, has recently been very handsomely painted.

—A new and elegant stock of hats, caps and gents' underwear at the Bee Hive.

Election Proclamation.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

I, Thomas J. Dunkle, High Sheriff of the county of Centre, commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said county of Centre, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1882.

For the purpose of electing one person for Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Lieutenant Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Secretary of Internal Affairs of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Congressman-at-Large to represent the state of Pennsylvania in the Congress of the United States.

One person for Judge of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person to represent the counties of Centre, Clearfield, Clinton, Elk, Union and Mifflin in the Congress of the United States.

One person to represent the counties of Centre, Clearfield, and Clinton in the Senate of Pennsylvania.

Two persons to represent the county of Centre in the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania.

One person for Coroner for Centre county.

Two persons for Jury Commissioner of the county of Centre.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid election in the several Boroughs and Townships within the County of Centre are as follow, to wit:

For the township of Haines (eastern precinct) at the public school house at Woodward.

For the township of Haines (western precinct) at the public house of Henry Shaffer, in Aaronsburg.

For the township of Half Moon, at the school house in Stormstown.

For the township of Taylor, at the house erected for that purpose on the property of Leonard Merryman.

For the township of Miles, in the school house in the town of Rebersburg.

For the township of Potter (Northern precinct,) at the public house of D. J. Moyer, in Centre Hall.

For the township of Potter (Southern precinct,) at the public house of D. H. Ruhl, at Potter's Mills.

For the township of Gregg (Northern precinct,) at Murray's school house.

For the township of Gregg (Southern precinct,) at the public houseowned by J. B. Fisher, of Penn Hall.

For the township of College, in the school house at Lemont.

For the township of Ferguson (old precinct,) in the school house at Pine Grove.

For the township of Ferguson (new precinct,) at the school house in Baileyville.

For the township of Harris, in the school house at Boalsburg.

For the township of Patton, at the house of Peter Murray.

For the borough of Bellefonte, and the townships of Spring and Benner, at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Walker, in the school house at Hublersburg.

For the borough and township of Howard, at the school house of said borough.

For the township of Rush, at the Cold Stream school house.

For the township of Snow Shoe, at the school house at Snow Shoe station.

For the township of Marion, at the house of Joel King, in Jacksonville.

For the borough of Milesburg, at the school house in Milesburg.

For the township of Boggs, at the new school house in Central City.

For the township of Huston, at the Silver Dale school house.

For the township of Penn, at the public house of William Musser.

For the borough of Millheim, at the school house opposite the Evangelical church in said borough.

For the township of Liberty, at the school house at Eagleville.

For the township of Worth, at the school house at Port Matilda.

For the township of Burnside, at the house of J. K. Boak.

For the township of Curtin, at the school house near Robert Mann.

For the borough of Unionville and the township of Union, at the new school house at Unionville.

For the First and Second wards of the borough of Philipsburg, at the large public school house.

For the Third ward of the borough of Philipsburg at the small public school house.

NOTICE is also hereby given, "That every person executing office of justice of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of any profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress or State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or Commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment for Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth; and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."

I also hereby make known and give notice to the electors of said county of Centre, that on the said 7th day of November, 1882, they, the said electors, shall vote by ballot for the purpose of deciding whether or not the provisions of the Act of Assembly, entitled an Act "For the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep," approved the 12th day of June, A. D., 1878, are desired to be in force in this said county of Centre. The Provisions of the said "Act of Assembly relating to the taxation of dogs are as follows, to-wit:

SEC. 1. That from and after the passage of this Act, there shall be assessed, levied and collected, annually, with the county taxes, in each of the townships and boroughs of this Commonwealth, from the owners and keepers of dogs, the following named taxes, namely: For each male dog, the sum of fifty cents, and for every female dog the sum of one dollar, to be paid to the Treasurer of the county where collected, to be kept by him separate and in such manner that he can know how much has been collected from each township and borough, and how much paid out for losses or damages in each, at any time to be a fund from which persons sustaining loss or damage to sheep by a dog or dogs, and the necessary costs in establishing their claims therefor, as herein provided, may be paid.

SEC. 2. For the purpose of levying and collecting such taxes, the assessor in each township and borough shall, annually, at the time of assessing other taxable property, ascertain and return to the county commissioners of their county a true statement of all the dogs in their townships and boroughs, respectively, and the names of the persons owning or keeping such dogs, and how many of each sex is kept or owned by each person; and such commissioners in each county shall, annually, levy and cause to be collected the taxes herein before named, with, and in the same manner and for the same compensation that other county taxes are collected.

* * * * * * * *

SEC. 10. That the Sheriff of each county, on the request of the County Commissioners, shall cause this Act to be published therein, with and in the same manner as notices of the next general election shall be published, and for the purpose of deciding whether or not the provisions of this Act are desired in the several counties, the qualified electors therein may vote at such election, by ballot, written or printed on the outside "Sheep Law," and on the inside "For the Sheep Law," or "Against the Sheep Law," and in each county wherein it shall appear by a proper count of such ballots that a majority are for the "Sheep Law," this Act shall immediately take effect, but in no other county until a majority of the qualified electors thereof, after like advertisement in like manner, have determined that they desire this Act to take effect therein; Provided, that there shall be no advertisement or election for such purpose in any county oftener than once in two years."

At all elections hereafter held under the laws of the Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock a. m. and close at 7 o'clock p. m.

TICKETS TO BE VOTED.

The qualified electors will take notice of the following acts of Assembly, approved the 12th day of March, 1866: "An Act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same. That the qualified electors of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby hereafter authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or written, or partly printed or partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of judges of courts voted for, and to be labeled outside "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers to be voted for, and be labeled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the officers voted for, including the office of Senator and members of the Assembly, if voted for, and be labeled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labeled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labeled "Borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot-boxes.

Given under my hand and seal, at my office in Bellefonte, this 3d day of October, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-two, and in the One Hundred and Sixth year of the Independence of the United States.

THOMAS J. DUNKLE
Sheriff of Centre County.

Miscellaneous.

Farm in Centre County, Pa.

—AT—

ORPHANS' COURT SALE,

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1882.

By order of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, Pa., the McCalmont farm, located in Nittany valley, eight miles east of Bellefonte, and one mile west of Jacksonville, containing about 190 acres, 150 acres of which are in a high state of cultivation, the balance covered with thriving timber, all first-class lime stone land, a portion of which is underlaid with the best quality of iron ore. There are two good Dwelling Houses, large Barn and other buildings thereon. A variety of fruit trees, good fences, &c. Will be offered for sale on the premises at 2 o'clock p. m. of the above date. Terms easy. This farm is located in a healthy, pleasant and prosperous neighborhood, within three miles of Howard station on the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad, a good road leading thereto. For further information apply to James S. and Robert McCalmont on the premises, or address

WILLIAM SHORTLIDGE, Executor,
14-39-ts Bellefonte, Pa.

30 CARD CHROMOS AND **12** LARGE CHROMOS

FREE

with the PEOPLE'S MAGAZINE. The most magnificent premiums ever given and one of the best magazines published. Only 80 cents a year. Sample free on receipt of 3-cent stamp, or 3 months on trial for 10 cents. AGENTS WANTED. Send 25 cents for complete outfit, including all the chromos. Money returned if not satisfied.

$47 a month and board in your county. Men or ladies. Pleasant business. Address PEOPLE'S MAGAZINE, Philadelphia, Pa

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE

Will be sold at public auction on the premises at Oak Hall, on

Wednesday, Nov. 1, 1882,

Commencing at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

Situate in College township, Centre county, Pa., adjoining the village of Oak Hall, ten miles southwest of Bellefonte, and four miles east of State College, containing 166 acres of good lime stone land, all under cultivation, except 14 acres of good young timber. The improvements are a good two-story stone mansion house, bank barn and all necessary outbuildings. Also, a good orchard, springs and streams of running water, all convenient for stock. A good spring house convenient. The best of meadows for timothy and corn that can not be surpassed in the county, makes it a very desirable stock farm. The best of

PIPE IRON ORE

has been tested and partly developed on said property adjoining land of Dr. E. Hale, who owns the celebrated Pipe Ore Mines worked by Stover a few years ago.

The farm is pleasantly located, possessing the advantage of village and country, convenient to churches, schools, mills, factory and shops, all on a good turnpike road.

The property will commend itself to any one who is looking for a comfortable home, healthy situation in Penns Valley, Tussey mountain on the south, one and one-half mile, and end of Nittany mountain, one mile north, commanding in all fine mountain scenery.

This farm is so located that it could be divided in two parts if desired by purchasers Say one with buildings of 116 acres, and the other part, 50 acres more or less, suitable for a two-horse farm.

Also a house and lot, containing over one acre, is offered for sale in said village. For terms and particulars call upon or address

JOHN S. FOSTER,

14 34 tf BOALSBURG, PA.

EXECUTORS' SALE

OF TWO

Valuable Farms!

Will be sold at public sale, on Friday, October 27, 1882, commencing at 1 o'clock p. m., on the premises, at Gatesburg, Ferguson township, Centre county, Pa., on the farm of the late Michael Rider, deceased, the following described real estate, to wit:

The Homestead farm at Gatesburg, containing 185 acres and 134 perches, of which 150 acres is in a good state of cultivation; the balance in good young chestnut and oak timber. There is erected on the farm a good two-story house, with L, containing 14 rooms A good bank barn, with all other necessary outbuildings, two wells of never-failing water, a cider house, containing good press and apple grinder, two bearing orchards of choicest fruit, plenty of iron ore, by appearance on top.

Also, at same time and place, a farm situated at Marengo station, on the Lewisburg and Tyrone railroad, about three miles west of Pennsylvania Furnace. This farm has a good two-story house, with L, containing 8 rooms, with a good bank barn and other out-buildings, a good well of never-failing water, Half Moon creek running through centre of farm. A small bearing orchard of good fruit. This farm also has good prospects of iron ore, by top appearance. This farm contains 161 acres and 134 perches, 125 acres in a good state of cultivation, the balance in oak and chestnut timber.

Conditions of sale are as follows; One-third on delivery of deed; the balance in two annual payments. To be secured by bond or mortgage, with interest. For information address Guyer P. O., Centre county, Pa. Will meet parties wishing to inspect farms at Marengo Station, on the Lewisburg railroad. We are determined to sell on date above mentioned. Possession given April 1, 1883. Purchaser can prospect for ore immediately after deed is given.

JACOB K. RIDER,
MATHIAS RIDER,
14 34 ts Executors.

National School of ELOCUTION and ORATORY.

NINETEEN teachers and lecturers, specialists in their departments. Thorough and systematic culture in VOICE, ENUNCIATION and ACTION, in their application to Conversation, Reading, Recitation and Oratory. Chartered 1875. Grants diplomas. FALL TERM OPENS OCTOBER 2. Send for catalogue to J. H. BECHTEL, Secretary, 1416 and 1418 Chestnut St., Philadelphia. 14-39-2t

Birds! BUY OF THE IMPORTER! German Song Canaries, $2 and $3; St. Andreasberg Canaries, bell and flute notes, $4, $5; Campanini Canaries, trained whistlers, long trill and water bubble notes, $8 and $10. A great variety of talking Parrots, Cardinals, Goldfinches, Bullfinches, Linnets, &c. Birds safe by express. Price list free. Holden's New Book on Birds, 128 pp., 80 illustrations, all about food, care, disease, 25c., stamps. G. L. HOLDEN, 387 6th Ave. bet. 23d and 24th Sts., N. Y. 14-39-3t

Goldsmith Brothers.

THE

Event of the Season.

GRAND FALL & WINTER

OPENING

OF THE

BEE HIVE ONE PRICE STORES,

Friday and Saturday, Oct. 13 & 14.

On Saturday, October 14th, there will be a Special Sale of Bargains.

GOLDSMITH BROS.,
Bellefonte, Pa.

GRAND FALL & WINTER

OPENING,

THE

Event of the Season,

AT THE

BEE HIVE ONE PRICE STORES.

On Saturday, October 14th, there will be a special sale of Bargains.

GOLDSMITH BROS.,
Bellefonte Pa

S. & A. Loeb, General Merchandise.

BEAR IN MIND!

OUR STOCK OF

FALL and WINTER

CLOTHING

IS NOW COMPLETE.

In Boys' School Suits

We can show you 50 different kinds in which everything has been sacrificed to quality and good strong wear. PATCHES FURNISHED WITH EACH SUIT.

In Youths' and Men's Wear

We have the largest assortment we ever had, and can fit as well as suit the most particular trade.

In Boots and Shoes

We desire to state that we have nearly all our goods made to order, and are now selling a grade of goods that are just as good as the best leather, with careful and good workmanship, can make them.

We Give a Special Guarantee with our Hand-made Boots.

IN GROCERIES

We are underselling the lowest.

IN DRY GOODS

We can not be undersold.

Stock now in.---Renewing every day.

S. & A. LOEB.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

THE LATEST NEWS.

A Murderer Lynched.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., October 2.—Jim Rhodes, the murderer of the Messie family, was taken out of jail last night by a body of armed men and hung to a tree close by. He begged for time to make a confession, but as another crowd was approaching the mob swung him up. He confessed, but exculpated bis mother and brother Lee.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., October 2.—The lynchers of James Rhodes last night numbered about forty and it is thought they had 100 or more confederates in the town. They compelled the jailor to surrender the keys of the jail and overpowered the guard. Rhodes, on discovering their object, gave a loud wail which was heard at some distance. A large crowd of citizens collected and followed the lynchers, but were halted by guards in the highway about fifty yards from the tree on which Rhodes was hung. He was heard to admit that he was James R. Rhodes and to say that his brother, who is in jail, and his mother took no part in the murder. He begged for fifteen minutes, promising to tell all about the murder, but the lynchers, fearing interruption, urged the execution. The attorney for the commonwealth reached the scene and attempted to make an appeal for the law to take its course. He was warned off on peril of his life. There is no shadow of doubt as to Rhodes' guilt.

Mason Habeas Corpus.

UTICA, N. Y., Oct. 2.—This afternoon Judges Wallace and Cox refused to grant a writ of habeas corpus in the Mason case. The decision was rendered immediately after the argument of the counsel and without the judges leaving the bench. After General Bigelow finished his argument in favor of the writ, the court held that they were precluded by the opinion of Chief Justice Waite given at the October term of 1881, from determining any question in the case except the power of the judge advocate general to reverse a decision of court-martial. Judge Advocate Gardner was heard on that point. In rendering its decision the court held that a judge advocate general was simply an advising officer of the war department, and that congress never intended to give him power to reverse the findings of a court-martial.

Grand Army Day.

PITTSBURGH, October 2.—The Grand Army of Republic of Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia held a reunion here to day. The city put on its gala dress, and the business houses, hotels and newspaper offices and public buildings on the principal thoroughfares were profusely decorated with evergreens and bunting. The streets were thronged with people and it is estimated that over 50,000 veterans were in the city. The parade, while not as large as was anticipated, was in every way a creditable display. Over 5,000 men and forty-eight bands were in line, and one hour was occupied in passing a given point. To night a camp fire and a bean-bake were the principal attractions. The Eighty-fifth regiment survivors banqueted at the Central hotel. The weather throughout the day was pleasant and everything passed off smoothly.

Connecticut Town Elections.

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 2.—Most of the towns in this state elected town officers to-day. The vote was generally very light. In Hartford the democrats elected all but treasurer. Middletown and Bloomfield are democratic and Waterbury is republican. West Hartford, Wethersfield, Berlin, Andover, Meriden, Windsor, Glastonburg and Suffield also elected republican town officers. Hartford, Middletown, New Britain, Meriden and most of the large towns vote for license and some of the smaller towns for no license. The principal political issue in the town elections is obtaining a majority of the boards of registration consisting of the select men and town clerk. The law now allows of a minority representation on all town boards. In Hartford last year the republicans elected a majority of the town officers.

Railroad Accidents.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 2.—Alice Simmons and her son, 6 years old, were struck by a passenger train this morning in this city. The mother was instantly killed and the boy, who was knocked fifty feet, was so badly hurt that he will die.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Oct. 2.—One passenger coach and the sleeper on the Memphis and Charleston railroad were thrown from the track by a broken rail near Madison, Alabama, last night. Several of the passengers were hurt but no one was killed.

Records of Fires

CHICAGO, Ills., Oct. 2.—The fire at Maquokita, Iowa, was more serious than reported last night. The total loss will reach $95,000.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—A fire this morning in Young's packing box factory, Spring street, caused a loss of $10,000.

Foreign Flashes.

LONDON, Oct. 3.—The Paris *Figaro* publishes a report that the Pope, while walking in the gardens of the vatican, was fired at by a soldier, but not hit. The report has not been confirmed, and is discredited at the Italian embassy in London.

A great fire has occurred at Smyrna, involving a loss of twenty-five thousand pounds.

DUBLIN, Oct. 3.—A farmer named Hunt was murdered last night, near Boyle, county Roscommon. The crime is undoubtedly agrarian. Several persons have been arrested on suspicion.

ALEXANDRIA, Oct. 3.—While the arrival of the khedive at Cairo was being celebrated by illuminations at Assyot, a thousand Musselmen attacked the corps and threatened to kill all the Christians in the town. The Mudir interfered and quelled the riot. A native watchman at Fort Ady has been flogged for insulting Englishmen.

THE HAGUE, Oct, 3.—The government had received a telegram announcing that the cholera is epidemic in Katta-Radja, Borneo, and in Atchin, Sumatra.

Congressional Nominations.

GREENFIELD, Mass., October 3.—The republican convention of the Eleventh congressional district today nominated William Whiting.

NEW ORLEANS, La., October 3.—The democrats of the second district to-day nominated E. John Ellis for congress.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., October 3.—The republicans of the Tenth district today nominated Judge William Smith for congress.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., October 3.—The anti-Tellep republicans of the Eighth district of this city, to-day nominated Gustavus Sessinghaus for congress. Sessinghaus was the candidate at the last election and is now contesting the seat of Graham Frost.

ITHICA, N. Y., October 3.—The Oneida county republicans to-day nominated Samuel H. Fox for Congress.

BALTIMORE, Md., October 3.—Andrew G. Chapman was nominated to-day by the democrats of the Fifth congressional district.

Railway Collision.

HUTCHINSON, Kan., October 3.—On Sunday night, at Salem Switch station nine mile from here, a misplaced switch allowed the western express, running forty miles an hour, to run into another passenger train standing on a side track. Both engines and both baggage cars were completely demolished, and several persons seriously injured. Both engineers, firemen and baggage master were burned in the wreck, which ignited from the engines. Their bodies were scarcely recognizable when taken out. A road carpenter named Shafer has died from his injuries, making the sixth victim

Poison in the Boquet.

WASHINGTON, October 3.—Professor Tilden, who made a chemical examination of the boquet that was given Guiteau by his sister, Mrs. Scoville the day before his execution, reported to District Attorney Corkhill to-day that the large bud contained five grains of "white arsenic." The original amount was greater as the petals of the flowers failed to retain it all in a dry state. Corkhill says he is now trying to discover who it was that poisoned the flowers and if the poisoner could be discovered he would be held to answer the charge.

A Clergyman Resigns.

TROY, N. Y., Oct. 2.—Rev. George B. Simons, the Baptist minister of Greenbush who was charged with writing love letters to a young lady of his congregation, resigned yesterday. His resignation was accepted. During his farewell sermon many women in the congregation wept and appeared averse to parting with him. Recently the Hudson River Association of Baptists refused church fellowship unless Simons was deposed, hence his resignation.

Wont Accept a Donation.

JERSEY CITY, October 3.—At a meeting of the German republican club of the Third district of this city, one of the strongest organizations in Hudson county, held last night, the action of Alderman Hauser in opposing the reception of the $30,000 donated by the Pennsylvania railroad company in lieu of taxes was unanimously endorsed. Resolutions condemning the board of aldermen for taking the money were passed.

A Futile Attempt.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., October 2.—At a late hour last night a crowd estimated at 250 went to the jail and demanded Bob Wilson, a negro who, on Thursday night, shot Frank B. Russell, from the effects of which Russell died last night. The jailor refusing to comply with the demands of the mob, the crowd hung about the jail for an hour but made no demonstration further than mentioned. They evidently were in need of a leader. No more trouble is expected.

A Freak of Nature.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Oct. 2.—A curious freak of nature make its appearance in Youngstown one night last week, in the shape of an infant born with two heads and two complete spines. One of the heads was perfect, but the other was smaller and badly formed. The little stranger managed to live for several hours, breathing through its one pair of lungs. Its two spinal columns were parallel, about half an inch apart, except a distorted foot.

The Cavendish Murder.

DUBLIN, October 4.—The weapons used by the murderers of Lord Cavendish were found concealed in the rafters of a stable in the rear of a house belonging to a man who was recently sentenced to penal servitude for intimidating Mrs. Kenny, the widow of a man murdered in Saville place because he was suspected of having given information concerning the murderers. It is alleged that Kenny was the driver of the car in which the assassins rode. The weapons found were four knives, nine inches long, with blades three and a-half inches long and one inch wide. They are new and sharp and are evidently surgical dissecting knives. There were discolorations on them which, on chemical analysis, were proved to have been made by human blood. It is hoped that the murderers will yet be captured. Meanwhile the authorities observe the strictest secrecy.

Observations of the Comet.

BOSTON, Oct. 3.—Two fine observations were obtained at the Harvard observatory of the comet, which almost definitely established it as one of a brief period. According to the present data, it must have made a semi-circle of the sun in two or three hours, or at the rate of 400 miles a second, and the fact of the sun's atmosphere offering no check to its progress, proves it incombustible, unlike meteorolites.

CURABLE AND INCURABLE.—In Beckford's *Hall of Eblis*, the crowd is represented as running around, each man with an incurable wound in his bosom, and agrees not to speak of it. How many there are all around us that have the painful and wearisome symptons of kidney or liver disease, but are kept by a false delicacy from speaking of it. But the disease is restrained by no such feeling of delicacy, but silently and insidiously works on in the dark, until the patient is compelled to call in aid. How much better to take it in time, and to secure Hunt's Remedy, the great kidney medicine, and give the disease its death blow in its very beginning. This is the one medicine that can search out, and root out, every ill of kidney or liver, and that cures cases that seem incurable.

"Papa, am I a little sinner?" "Yes, my son, we are all sinners." "And, papa, the Bible says the devil is the father of sinners, doesn't it?" "Yes, dear, I believe it does." "Then, papa, are you the devil?" His offspring's logic was too much for him, and he slipped out of the room without answering.

The peculiar action on the kidneys and urinary organs of asparagus is frequently noticed during the season. Prof. Benson recently proved in the case of the Emperor William and others that in combination with malt and quinine it is an absolute specific for diseases of the liver, kidneys and urinary organs. His method has been adopted by the Malt Bitters Company, and this great German food is now composed of malt, hops, quinine bark and asparagus.—*Medical Times.*

New York claims a man who can sober up from a dead drunk in twenty minutes by the watch, but of course he hates to let go of a good thing unless it is positively necessary.

Happy and Thankful.

103 TENTH STREET,
BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 1, 1880.

H. H. WARNER & Co.: *Sirs*—I was almost blind, and was given up to die by my doctors, when your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure restored my sight, cured my liver of its torpidity and freed me of the distress of constant constipation, biliousness and general debility.

MISS DELIA SHERMAN.

A young lady lately lost her husband, who was about seventy years old. "But how did you happen to marry a man of that age?" asked one of her friends. "Why," said the young widow, "you see, I only had the choice between two old men, and, of course, I took the oldest."

BEAUTY.—"It is claimed that New York women look younger at 50 than Boston women do at 40, or Chicago women at 30," for the reason that they have been taking *Peruna* for the past three months, but Boston and Chicago women are coming up in fine style—entering upon the home-stretch on *Manalin*. I got one of your books on the "Ills of Life" from your druggist as a present, and, as it directs, have been taking Peruna and Manalin. My bowels are in excellent condition, and the lungs and heart are improving finely. J. M. WALKER, Lawas, Pa.

The colored preacher who was shot at Chattanooga the other night while stealing potatoes had been trying to live on a salary of two dollars per week. A preacher can't stand an empty stomach any better than other folks.

It is contrary to our custom to recommend any kind of patent medicine; but after we have seen the great effects of Roberts' Horse and Cattle powders upon the horses in this section, that have been cured of the epizootic, as well as other diseases, we deem it our duty as good citizens to recommend it to all owners of stock.

A Missouri tree has yielded 800 rails, 300 fence posts, 10 cords or wood, 12 squirrels and one raccoon. It is supposed to have been 300 years old. And the man who tells the story is supposed to be one of the ablest liars in the southwest.

Enrich and revitalize the blood by using Brown's Iron Bitters.

Catarrh.—Relief in five minutes in every case; gratifying, wholesome relief beyond a money value. Cure begins from first application, and is rapid, radical and permanent. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure. Complete for $1.

"What made you steal that waterproof cloak?" demanded the judge. The culprit whispered, "I was trying to lay up something for a rainy day."

"When I publicly testified that I had been cured of a terrible skin humor by the Cuticura Remedies, I did so that others might be cured, and do not regret the time given to answering inquiries"—Hon. William Taylor, Boston.

A lecturer, who had just one listener, was flattered to discover that he came in to get out of the wet. Umbrella would have cost a dollar; lecture, twenty-five cents: seventy-five cents saved.

Always Do.

Special Telegram.

UNION PIER, Mich.—Your agent was here last winter and sold us some Dr. Baxter's Mandrake Bitters. We sold them and they gave extraordinary satisfaction. Would like more of them, therefore, please write us the price by the quantity.

R. M. GOODWIN & Co.

As a sure remedy for sick headache, sour stomach, dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, torpid liver, biliousness, &c., no medicine is equal to Dr. Baxter's Mandrake Bitters.

My husband had drunken habits he could not overcome until Parker's Ginger Tonic took away his thirst for stimulants, restored his old energy of mind and nerves, and gave him strength to attend to business.—Cincinnati Lady.

Part of a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic cured me of rheumatism. My dyspeptic wife got so much relief from the balance that she tried another bottle, and now we can truly say we have never had better health.—A Boston Mechanic.

This is what a reporter says to a girl: "Meet me on the corner, where they sell ice cream. Life shall be to you love like a blissful dream. Cling to me, my darling, as the vine hugs the oak. And when you're done eating, I shall be dead broke."

PE-RU-NA

$1,000

will be paid if any impurities or mineral substances are found in PERUNA, or for any case it will not cure or help.

PERUNA is purely a vegetable compound. It is not equalled by all other medicines combined. Strong language, but it is true.

PERUNA is more extensively prescribed by honest physicians than any other half-dozen remedies known to the profession.

PERUNA positively cures Consumption, Chronic Catarrh, and all Lung and Heart diseases.

As a Cough remedy, it has no equal; it positively cures all Coughs. You cannot take an overdose, as it contains no morphine.

For Intermittent Fever, Chills and Fever, Dumb Ague, the infallible remedy is PERUNA.

No matter what your disease is, where located, be you young or old, male or female, go at once for PERUNA.

Ask your druggist for Dr. Hartman's pamphlet on "The Ills of Life," gratis.

For Piles and Pelvic Diseases, take

MAN-A-LIN

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Single bottle $1.00; six bottles, $5.00.

Agents Wanted.

BETTER Than Ever.

MOTHER, HOME AND HEAVEN. 400 best authors. Prose and Poetry. Introduction by T. L. Cuyler, D. D. This elegant home book made more beautiful. Revised. 61st thousand. Entire new plates. 40 page added. 34 NEW AUTHORS. $2.75. On this, BIBLES and our NEW CYCLOPEDIA, $200 per month to AGENTS. E. B. TREAT, Publisher, 14-40-4t New York.

Wanted Energetic, Reliable Men to sell Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Shrubs, Roses, etc GOOD SALARIES and Expenses paid. Address at once J. F. LeCLARE, Rochester, N. Y. 14-40-4t

Miscellaneous.

ROOFING

For steep or flat roofs. Applied by ordinary workmen at one-third the cost of tin. Circulars and samples free. Agents wanted. 14-40-4t T. NEW, 31 John St., New York.

MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS are certainly best, having been so decreed at every Great World's Industrial Competition for Sixteen Years; no other American organs having been found equal at any. Also cheapest. Style 109; 9⅔ octaves; sufficient compass and power, with best quality, for popular sacred and secular music in schools or families, at only $22. One Hundred other Styles at $30, $57, $66, $72, $78, $93, $108, $114 to $500 and up. The largest styles are wholly unrivaled by any other organs. Also for easy payments. New illustrated catalogue free.

PIANOS This Company have commenced the manufacture of Upright Grand Pianos, including important improvements; adding to power and beauty of tone and durability. Will not require tuning one quarter as much as other pianos. Illustrated Circulars Free. The MASON & HAMLIN Organ and Piano Co., 154 Tremont St., Boston; 46 E. 14th St., New York 149 Wabash Ave., Chicago. 37 4t

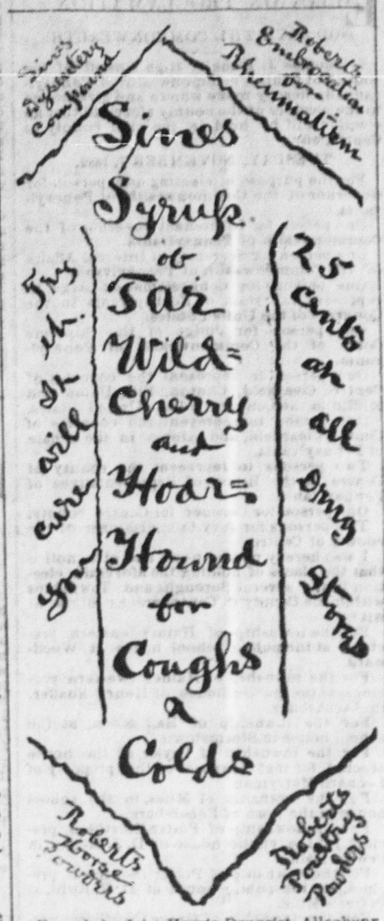
Dr Lindsey's Blood Searcher.

Nothing in the world equal to it for the cure of Scrofula, Pimples, Boils, Tetter, Old Sores, Sore Eyes, Mercurial Diseases, Catarrh, Loss of Appetite, Female Complaints, and all Blood Diseases. It NEVER fails. All druggists and country store keepers sell it. R. E. Sellers & Co., Prop's, Pittsburgh, on every bottle. 39-4t

Drunkenness and Opium Eating.

C. C. Beers, M. D. & Son, 433 Fourth avenue, New York, have painless remedies for these evils. Thousands cured. Call or send stamp for evidence. 14-40-4t

Miscellaneous.


Sires Syrup of Tar Wild Cherry and Hoar Hound for Coughs & Colds
For sale by John Harris Druggist, Allegheny Street Bellefonte Pa.
dawMar17 1y

HARDWARE!

JAMES HARRIS & CO.. ARE SELLING VERY LOW

REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS, And all kinds of Farming Tools,

RAKES FORKS SCYTHES CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS, ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,

As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line.

COUGH

With that when there is a remedy at hand so **pleasant**, so **certain**, and so **safe**, that the most delicate child may take it without danger. It is called

GREEN'S Comp. Syrup of TAR, HONEY & BLOODROOT

It contains all the virtues of Tar in a *concentrated* form, combined with the best **Expectorants** and **Anodynes**, the whole prepared without the aid of heat, forming the BEST KNOWN REMEDY for all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Try one bottle and be convinced. Price **50 cents** per bottle. Manufactured only by

F. POTTS GREEN, BELLEFONTE, PA.

GUNS

I am now opening a new stock of

Breech-Loading Double Guns, Winchester Rifles, Revolvers, Cutlery, Cartridges, B. L. Implements, and a general stock of SPORTING AMMUNITION,

Shot at Wholesale and Retail (Chilled and Soft.)

Shot Gun Cartridges Loaded to Order.

Breech and Muzzle Loading Guns Carefully Repaired.

Also agent for the Pittsburgh

New Family Sewing Machine,

Gun and Machine Oils, Needles and Sewing Machine Attachments.

THEODORE DESCHNER.

SHOP, NO. 44, HIGH STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA. 14-30-3m

Miscellaneous.

BURCHFIELD'S

New Grocery Store,

Just opened in the new Centre County Bank building,

High Street, BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Has everything

New, Fresh and Desirable.

The most extensive stock of

Groceries, Canned Goods, Spices, Table Delicacies, Provisions, Confectioneries, Glassware, Stoneware, Queensware, Tobaccos, Cigars, &c.

In this section of the state.

These goods will be sold at either wholesale or retail, and at prices to suit the times.

As everything in stock is perfectly fresh, and purchased for cash, I can guarantee the fullest satisfaction in both quality and price.

A cordial invitation is extended to everybody to call, and a fair share of the patronage of the people is respectfully requested.

14-19-1y

SPRING MILLS HOUSE,
SPRING MILLS, CENTRE CO., PA
The terminus of the Lewisburg and Tyrone R. R.

This is a New House and newly furnished with Everything tending to Comfort and Convenience of Guests.

The air is invigorating and perfectly free from Malaria, and particularly favorable for the restoration to health of persons afflicted with Pulmonary complaints, Malaria disorders and Hay Fever.

The Table is plentifully supplied with meats, milk and fresh vegetables and fruits in season, healthfully prepared and tastefully served.

GOOD STABLING ACCOMMODATIONS.

POPULAR PRICES:

Per day, (less than a week,) ..... $ 2 00
Per week, (less than a month,) 6 00
Per month, ... 20 00

All inquiry as to Rooms and Board will be promptly answered.

14-20-tf GEO. B. NASH, Manager.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

Nos. 111 and 113 N'th Broad Street (above Arch

PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts; three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.

TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY.

MRS. ELIZABETH A. HUTTON, Proprietress
14-21tf

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of John Eckenroth. Letters of administration on the estate of John Eckenroth, late of Spring township, Centre county, Penn'a., deceased, have been granted to Jeremiah Eckenroth and Charles Eckenroth, residing in said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

JEREMIH ECKENROTH.
54-6t CHARLES ECKENROTH.
Administrators.

F. P. GREEN,

DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 6 1 1y

Nets! Nets! Nets!

At SCHOFIELD'S,

Spring Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

I have on hand a large stock of Fly Nets, which, as the season is now far advanced, I will sell at a reduction of

25 PER CENT.

Great Bargains. Call Immediately.

14-39tf JAMES SCHOFIELD.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Tug Wilson wont return.

—The nights are dark again.

—Celery looks splendid this year.

—October began mild and pleasant.

—The crop of comets this year is large.

—Bellefonte people are beginning to long for another first-class entertainment.

—Blessed are they who do not thirst for new cider for it seems that they will not get any.

—This seems to be the favorite season for nursery men. Several of them are now in town.

—The Clearfield county fair will be held at Clearfield county on the 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th instants.

—Circulate petitions against the passage of the ordinance which provides for the repeal of the market.

—The boys who attended the Boys' Branch on Monday evening demonstrated that they were capable of doing some very excellent singing.

—It is said that the comet may be seen between 4 and 5 o'clock in the morning. It is a very inconvenient hour to look after such attractions.

—Both branches of the Williamsport City Council have been arrested for neglecting to keep certain portions of the streets of that city in repair.

—The loud blasts heard at intervals during the day proceed from the Academy hill where men are engaged in getting out the projecting rocks and stones.

—A large number of tickets to the oyster supper in the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Thursday evening have already been sold. They can be purchased at either Stitzer's or Miller's bookstore.

—Notice of the death of Mr. John Keen, a prominent citizen of Millheim, this county, is published in the usual place. It occurred on Friday, the 29th of September, and the funeral took place on Monday, the 2d inst. He was the father-in-law of Dr. Swartz, of this place, who, with his family, was present at the funeral.

—It was stated in last week's Lewistown *Free Press* that Major W. F. Reynolds, of this place, is negotiating for the old Mark's mill property at Lewistown—for what purpose it does not appear to be known. Why is it that our wealthy and enterprising friend is seeking elsewhere to make investments when there are so many avenues open in and about Bellefonte for men of means?

—The Chicago base ball club has won the championship for 1883 with a record of 55 victories and 29 defeats. The Providence club, however, also claims the championship and it is probable that the vexed question will be settled by a series of nine games between the two clubs to be played as follows: In Providence, October 10, 11, 12 and 13, New York or Philadelphia, October 16; Chicago, October 18, 19, 20 and 21.

—Surveyors began on last Wednesday to restake the route of the defunct Beech Creek and Cato railroad, now the Williamsport and Clearfield, beginning work at Beech Creek. As soon as the survey is finished the road is expected to be let. The road will pass through the Cato oil region and will connect with the Bald Eagle Valley at the mouth of Beech Creek. The company do not ask a cent of subscription and will pay for their right of way themselves.

—This is the way a woman mails a letter. If you don't believe it watch the next one who goes to the post-office for that purpose: She will undertake to drop it into the box; then she will draw it back and scan the direction; tries the stamp to see that it is fast; scrutinizes the gummed side and runs her finger over it once or twice; then gives it one or two sudden jerks that send it rapidly into the box. In all probability she stands and looks at the hole through which it disappeared for about five minutes as if she is surprised that it went through and would like to have it back again.

—The proper picking and packing of apples is of great importance. The best keeping sorts will not be preserved well unless the fruit is uninjured in gathering and packed securely. The most approved method of picking is by hand, with ladders, the fruit being put into a grain sack. The bottom and top of the sack are brought together and tied, and then hung upon the shoulder. A short stick may be used to keep the mouth of the sack open. The sack is quickly and easily emptied by lowering the mouth and lifting up the bottom. The sack can be lowered into the barrel and the apples will run out without being bruised as when they are poured in from a basket from the top. Many apple growers prefer to put the fruit in heaps for a few days that the skin may toughen.

Gregg Post Exercises.

After the special meeting held by Grege Post, No. 95, G. A. R., Tuesday evening of last week, another gathering of a social nature took place, to which the public were admitted.

During the brief interim between the two meetings Comrade D. S. Keller was called on for a speech. He began in a jocular vein to say that at all feasts soup is the first course, which accounts for the desire expressed to hear him first. In the course of his excellent remarks he referred in a complimentary manner to Department Commander J. M. Vanderslice and to Ass't Adj't General Thomas J. Stewart, who were present, from whom, he said he had learned much that pertains to the Post. His remarks were well received.

He was followed by Chaplin Whitney, of Post 90, of Philipsburg, whose talk was brief and to the point. He could account for his presence only after the manner of a spoiled child—because he wanted to come. He was glad to be of the number who assisted to save the country.

Comrade J. W. Bogert, of Post No. 278, Snow Shoe, succeeded the last mentioned speaker. He said that it was not his province to speak as it is known that the navy does not produce orators. The Post which he represents has fifty members in good standing with more to muster. It had been in existence only six weeks. It is out of debt and has a good fund in reserve.

Department Commander J. M. Vanderslice followed in a beautiful and eloquent address, although he pleaded inability to speak at length owing to the fact that he addressed an audience of 5,000 people at Allegheny City a few days before and his voice yet felt the effect of the unusual strain upon it. He alluded with pride to the wonderful growth of the Post. In 1876 Pennsylvania had only 56 Posts; now there are 296 within her borders; therefore there is nothing exceptional in the growth of the order in Centre county. The rate of progress is the same throughout the republic, and even in Honolulu, one of the Sandwich Islands, a Post has been organized.

Gov. Curtin, D. H. Hastings, Austin Curtin, A. O. Furst, and J. L. Spangler were individually called upon and responded appropriately. The latter said that he was now convinced that there is nothing of a political nature in the Post, which called forth a speech from Ass't Adj't General Thomas J. Stewart, who said that neither religion nor politics is required of those who are received into membership.

All the Post Commanders present were called upon and responded. Among them were Charles Smith, of Post 272, Pine Grove Mills; Waldo C. Vanvalin, of Peters Post No. 263, Unionville; Commander Shoop, Post 282, Centre Hall; and A. H. Smith, of John W. Geary Post, No. 90, Philipsburg.

Generous Gifts Acknowledged.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—Dear Sir—"The people of Snow Shoe and the whole region round about, are noted for their hospitality and generosity. Nowhere do strangers and visitors receive a more cordial greeting. There are few people who once know them who can easily forget them. They have the happy faculty of making lasting friends. They respond quickly to any call on their benevolence and beneficence, and they do it with a heartiness and on a scale commensurate with their grand mountain home. Only last week they gave another instance of this, in their generous gift of seventy dollars, to one of their ministers—W. O. Wright. Such kindness and generosity deserve to be highly commended—"Ye shall know them by their fruits."

Nor are the people of Bellefonte and Milesburg lacking in these praiseworthy qualities. Only a few days ago some of these kind people sent me a handsome set of the "People's Cyclopedia of Universal Knowledge," through the kindness of the Rev. Mr. Myers, the agent for this excellent work. For these favors I desire to make my grateful acknowledgements.

Respectfully
W. O. WRIGHT.

—The colored boys who contested for the watch were successful in raising $51.15, from which, deducting the cost of the watch, leaves about $40 towards the whole amount which the A. M. E. church desired to collect for their pastor's salary. The amounts collected by the boys were almost equal, and as each did so well we will not mention the name of the one who received the most. Through the various means put forth to collect the sum due their pastor the church has succeeded in raising all but a few dollars, and we think they have done remarkably well.

—The loveliness of the gorgeous sun-flower is gone.

The Borough Council.

The usual meeting of the above body was held on Monday evening, October 2.

An ordinance was submitted, the object of which is to repeal what is known as the market ordinance. It was laid over until the next meeting, on Monday, October 16, for consideration. Meanwhile, it will largely depend on the people whether the ordinance is passed or not. They have an opportunity to petetion council for or against the continuance of the market and the number of names represented on the separate petetions will in all probability determine the action of council. A large number of people favor the market because it affords an opportunity to purchase fresh fruit and vegetables direct from the producer without the interference of a third person. It will be a step backward to repeal the market ordinance.

Mr. E. C. Humes and the Brockerhoff heirs were given permission to make gutters diagonally across from the corners of their buildings to points where High street intersects the public square in front of the Boal and Bonner mansions respectively.

A communication from the residents of Penn street informed council that the street committee had not yet made that thoroughfare as wide as is required. Accordingly council ordered the committee to make the proper repairs, after the completion of which the people living on that street will be expected to widen and repair the boardwalks in front of the property owned by them.

An Indian Maiden.

John F. Potter, Esq., returned from the city on the 29th ult., bringing with him from the Carlisle Indian school a very interesting Indian maiden, who will henceforth be a member of his family and will receive all the advantages which wealth and culture can bestow.

She is about 14 years of age and has been at the Carlisle school only two years, but she is very reticent in speaking about her wild life among her own people. Consequently her new found protectors have not learned her original name, although they do know that she was a member of the Nez Perce band of Joseph, a friendly tribe living in Northern Idaho. The name "Harriet Mary" was given her during her residence at Carlisle. She has two sisters and two step-brothers.

It is quite surprising to know that "Miss Harriet Mary" is a very intelligent young lady. She reads well, studies arithmetic, geography and music, writes an excellent hand, is polite and lady-like and in some branches is in advance of other persons of her age. She has in her possession several books which she received as rewards of merit, showing that she was evidently a careful and conscientious scholar.

Y. M. C. A. Affairs.

The affairs of the Association—thanks to the General Secretary and the members of the various committees—are in a more prosperous condition than ever before. We understand that the financial account shows a balance in the treasury, and the prospects were never better.

From the statistics of the attendance on the various meetings we find that there has been an average of twenty at the young men's meetings on Sunday and nine at the Friday evening meetings. The average attendance at the general meetings held the first Sunday afternoon of each month is about 110. There is a growing interest in all these meetings and the prospects for successful work are favorable. The regular Friday evening meetings have been interrupted, on two or three occasions, by receptions, which brought hundreds of persons to the rooms who would not otherwise have been present.

An Audacious Act.

The farmers residing in Worth and Half Moon townships are beginning to look up their young cattle that have been out during the past summer and find that many of them have disappeared altogether and there is reason to believe that they have been butchered by parties who are prowling around in that vicinity and sent away to market. Evidences are found in the woods of this surreptitious sort of butchery and from the peculiar shape of two pairs of horns found suspended in one place a farmer who lives in Worth township thinks he recognizes those which belonged to his young steers. He offers $50 for information which will lead to the apprehension of the guilty parties. The act is certainly one which deserves the severest condemnation and punishment. The fact that meat is being sold unusually cheap at Sandy Ridge and Philipsburg is evidence that the meat is finding a market not far away.

—Holden's (New) "Book on Birds" is one of the most complete and satisfactory works ever published on the same subject. The authors, C. F. and G. H. Holden, seem to have made a long and careful study of the habits and necessities of the feathered songsters, and have given to their readers an exact description of their lives and care necessary for their comfort. The book gives a good description of every variety of bird. There seems to be nothing omitted that could be of importance or interest to the bird lovers. There are 32 illustrations of birds, and 28 of cages and fixtures contained in the book. The book also contains several beautiful little poems by gifted authors. The price of the book is 25 cts. in stamps. Address Geo. H. Holden, 387 Sixth Avenue, New York.

—Mr. James Derr's trusty rifle has laid low 22 squirrels this season.

—The council should not abolish the market.

Cuticura
THE NEW BLOOD PURIFIER
Resolvent

Operates with energy upon the Kidneys, Liver, Bowels and Pores of the Skin,
Neutralizing, Absorbing and Expelling Scrofulous, Cancerous and Canker
HUMORS
The cause of most human ills, and curing when physicians, hospitals, and all other methods and remedies fail, Scrofula or King's Evil, Glandular swellings, Ulcers, Old Sores, Milk Leg, Mercurial Affections, Erysipelas, Tumors, Abscesses, Carbuncles, Boils, Blood Poisons, Bright's Disease, Wasting of the Kidneys and Liver, Rheumatism, Constipation, Piles, Dyspepsia, and all itching and Scaly
ERUPTIONS
Of the Skin and Scalp, such as Salt Rheum, Psoriasis, Tetter, Ringworm, Barbers' Itch, Scald Head, Itching Piles and other disfiguring and torturing Humors from a pimple to a scrofulitic ulcer, when assisted by Cuticura and Cuticura Soap, the great Skin cures.
CUTICURA
A sweet, unchangable Medicinal Jelly, clears off all external evidences of Blood Humors, eats away Dead Skin and Flesh, instantly allays Itching and Irritations, Softens, Soothes and Heals. Worth its weight in gold for all Itching Diseases.
CUTICURA SOAP
An Exquisite Toilet, Bath and Nursery Sanative. Fragrant with delicious flower odors and healing balsam. Contains in a modified form all the virtues of Cuticura the great skin cure, and is indispensable in the treatment of Skin and Scalp Diseases, and for restoring, preserving and beautifying the complexion and skin. The only Medicinal Baby Soap.
Cuticura Remedies are the only real curatives for diseases of the skin, scalp and blood.
Price: Cuticura Resolvent, $1.00 per bottle; Cuticura 50c. per box; large boxes, $1.00. Cuticura Medical Toilet Soap, 35c.; Cuticura Medical Shaving Soap, 15c. Sold everywhere.
Depot, Weeks & Potter, Boston.

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Sanford's Radical Cure.
The Great American Balsamic Distillation of Witch Hazel, American Pine, Canadian Fir, Marigold, Clover Blossom, etc.,
For the immediate relief and permanent cure of every form of Catarrh, from a simple Head Cold or Influenza to the Loss of Smell, Taste and Hearing, Cough, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption. Indorsed by physicians, Chemists, and medical journals throughout the world, as the only complete external and internal treatment.
One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent, and Sanford's Inhaler, all in one package, of all druggists, for $1. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure.
WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.

COLLINS' PLASTERS
ELECTRICITY.
Gentle, yet effective united with Healing Balsam, render Collins' Voltaic Electric Plasters one hundred times superior to all other plasters for every pain, weakness and inflamation. Price, 25 cents. Sold everywhere.

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FOR
Homes and home Life.
How to attain Good Health, Long Life, and Happy Homes. How to prevent disease. How, when and what to eat. Clothing. Accidents. Care of the sick. Marriage—its purpose, duties and pleasures. Birth and care of children—their physical, intellectual and moral training and government. Social and business life. The laws of health. Signs and treatment of disease. Represents the life work, experience and observations of an eminent physician, and contains important information that Fathers, Mothers, Husbands, Wives, Young Men and Ladies, Boys and Girls ought to know. Nothing like it ever published. Sells at sight. Send for circulars and terms. P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., 915 Arch St., Philadelph a, Pa. 13-39-4t

PUBLIC SALE OF
REAL ESTATE!

At the late residence of Joseph and Rebecca Hoover, deceased, will be sold at public outcry, October 28, 1882, the property known as the Joseph Hoover farm, situate in Union township, Centre county, on the old Bald Eagle pike, midway between Snow Shoe Intersection and Unionville and five miles from the county seat.

This property has a large two-story frame house, large bank barn and fruit trees of all kinds in abundance, and is well supplied with water by a never failing mountain stream flowing through it and a good well at the kitchen door.

There are one hundred and twenty-five acres of land, more or less, seventy-five of which are under cultivation, and fifty-four acres in wood.

Terms will be made known on day of sale.

R. H. COLBURN,
14-38-ts Attorney in fact for the heirs.

New Advertisements.

WANTED.—Agents.—Now ready for Subscribers. The leading book of the century.
Eve's Daughters,
or, "COMMON SENSE FOR MAID, WIFE and MOTHER," by MARION HARLAND, Author of "Common Sense in the Household," etc. A book which the best judges predict will outsell, do more good and create a greater sensation than any work published since "Uncle Tom's Cabin." This volume will be eagerly sought for by hundreds of thousands who are familiar with her other *popular* works.
"A standard and indispensable book for all women who seek health and happiness."—*New England Journal of Education.*
"We commend this earnest book to her wide circle of American sisters, to whom it is dedicated."—*Express and Mail.*
"We trust mothers and teachers will give it the thoughtful reading it deserves."—*Christian Intelligencer.*
"I can heartily endorse every word uttered by others in commendation of it."—*Benson J. Lossing.*
"No home should lack a copy where daughters are being reared."—*Mrs. Mary A. Livermore.*
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A book no mother or daughter can afford to be without.
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STATE COLLEGE.
Fall Term Opens August 25.
This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:
1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Full Scientific Course of four years.
3. The following SPECIAL COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the full Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture.
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A Classical and Scientific Preparatory Course.
Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.
For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, *President*,
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How Lost, How Restored!
Just published, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the radical cure of SPERMATORRHŒA or Seminal weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by Self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.
The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self abuse may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.
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Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Address,
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
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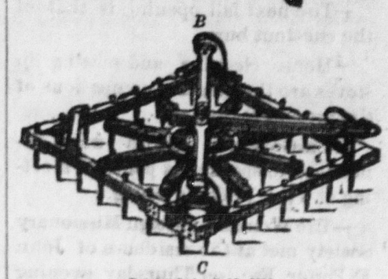
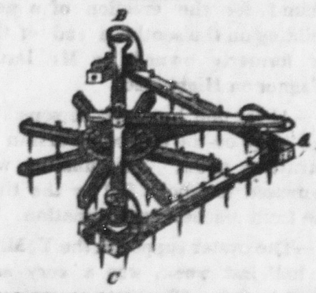
BELLEFONTE, PA.
ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS
BELLEFONTE
PATENT WATER WHEEL,
STEAM ENGINES,
CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,
ROLLING MILL
AN
Grist Mill Machinery
5-46a812-tf

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Adam Walker, deceased, late of Boggs township, having been granted to the undersigned, those having claims against said estate will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to pay the same. E. I. WALKER, Admr.
14-37-6t

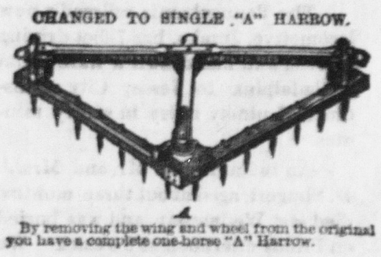
Miscellaneous.

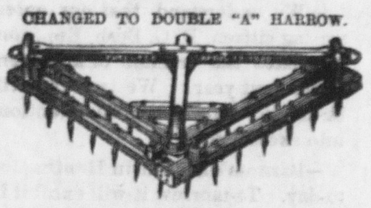
THE PENN
HARROW
BEST IN THE WORLD
IT HAS NO EQUAL


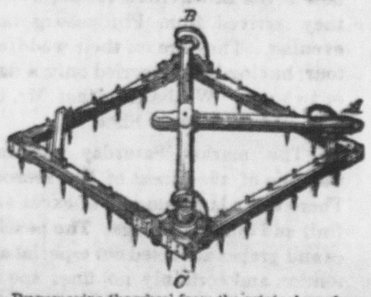
Patented April 15, 1880.
The above cut represents the Penn Harrow complete, with all its combinations of **Five Harrows and a sled for each Harrow**; and each succeeding change is made from this Harrow without the least additional exertion. By hooking the team to either point, B or C, the center revolves and gives the ground Two Strokes and Two Crossings in passing over it once, making it **the most effective pulverizer in the market.** as
THIS HARROW HAS ONLY TO BE USED TO BE APPRECIATED.
See it before purchasing and you will buy no other.

The Penn Harrow
CHANGED TO A THREE-CORNER ROTARY HARROW.


Indispensable for Orchards, as the revolving wheel harrows right up to and all around the trees without barking them.

The Penn Harrow
CHANGED TO SINGLE "A" HARROW.

By removing the wing and wheel from the original you have a complete one-horse "A" Harrow.

The Penn Harrow
CHANGED TO DOUBLE "A" HARROW.

Remove the wheel from the original, reverse the wing, and it makes the most complete Double "A" Harrow in the market.

The Penn Harrow
CHANGED TO A SQUARE HARROW.


By removing the wheel from the original you have a Harrow with three points to hook to. By hooking to B or C you can harrow in a furrow, and harrow the bottom and both sides, or over a ridge and harrow the top and both sides, or you can lift either point and have three points on the ground—**something that cannot be done with any other Harrow.**

The Penn Harrow
ON ITS SLED.

It has always been a great inconvenience to get the Harrow to and from the field. The Penn Harrow obviates this, as no matter which Harrow you wish to use in the combination, **it has its own sled to haul it on.**

The Penn Harrow
Is made of the **best white oak, with steel teeth, well painted, in every way first-class.** Formerly a harrow was the most unhandy implement on the farm; with our improvement it is the most convenient, will do double the **work of any other harrow and save the farmer half his labor, and is warranted to do all we represent or money refunded. ORDER AT ONCE AND BE CONVINCED.**
Price of the light draft Combination Penn Harrow, **$30.** *Send for a Catalogue and see what farmers say.*
AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY COUNTY.
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CAMDEN, N. J.
14-3-3m

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No. 203 Second st., Above Race,
PHILADELPHIA,
For 30 years have been engaged in the treatment of Secret Diseases as regular practitioners. Read "Wisdom in a Nutshell." Sent to any address on receipt of a three-cent stamp. Useful information to the afflicted.
Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 6 to 9 p. m. Consultations by mail strictly private and confidential. 14-30-1y*

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—Philipsburg has a laundry.

—Leaves are beginning to fall.

—Plumbers do not keep plum stores.

—The next fall opening is that of the chestnut burr.

—House cleaning and putting up stoves are the pleasant occupations of the present season.

—Ex-Governor Curtin was announced to speak at a political meeting at York Friday evening.

—The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society met at the residence of John F. Potter, Esq., on Thursday evening last.

—The next meeting of the Lutheran Synod will be held in Mifflintown on the last Wednesday in September, 1883.

—The Millheim band has recently purchased splendid new uniforms and expect Gen. Beaver to engage them to furnish music for his inauguration.

—D. G. Bush, Esq., is clearing the ground for the erection of a new building on the southern end of the lot formerly owned by Mr. David Wagner on High street.

—About one hundred persons left this place on the Jumbo excursion to Barnum's show. This number was increased to about 300 by the time the train reached its destination.

—The oyster supper in the Y. M. C. A. hall, last week, was a very successful affair. The oysters were served in excellent style and everybody was well pleased. Proceeds, about $30.

—The Pennsylvania railroad's new locomotive, Jumbo, has 7-foot driving wheels, and has drawn a train from Philadelphia to Jersey City, a distance of ninety miles, in eighty minutes.

—An infant son of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Shugert, aged about three months, died last Wednesday and was buried on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. We sympathize with the sorrowing parents.

—We understand that our enterprising citizen, D. G. Bush, Esq., contemplates the erection of an opera house next year. We trust he will be able to carry his good intentions into execution.

—Barnum's show is in Huntingdon to-day. To-morrow it will exhibit in Lock Haven. In all probability, there will be a special train from this place to-morrow, although the arrangements for it have not yet been completed.

—Mr. J. R. Gilliland and wife are now at the Brockerhoff House, where they arrived from Philipsburg last evening. They are on their wedding tour, having been married only a day or two ago. We believe that Mr. G is a resident of Snow Shoe.

—The market Saturday morning was one of the finest of the season. There was a large amount of excellent fruit and butter and eggs. The peaches and grapes attracted our especial attention and certainly no finer specimens were ever offered for sale in this place.

—Miss Laura Keller, Lock Haven's gifted elocutionist, has been tendered two positions in Wisconsin, and will accept the one at Chippewa Falls, for a time at least. Miss Keller, we know, will make her mark in the West, and she has our best hopes and wishes.—*L. H. Journal.*

—The sermons of Revs. Butler and Leidy, the Clearfield clergymen who ministered to the spiritual wants of Presbyterian and Methodist congregations, respectively, at the services held in the two churches yesterday, proved to be eminently satisfactory. The discourses of Rev. Butler showed a close adherence to and a critical analysis of the texts, while those of the Rev. Leidy evinced profound and original thought and were replete with pointed illustrations to enforce their teachings.

—When is a man of legal age to entitle him to vote? This question will soon be discussed, as usual at election time, and it is too often the case that men wrangle on points of law governing in such cases without knowing anything of what they speak. It is well, then, to have the law clearly defined on this point, when is a man of legal age to vote? According to law a voter is of age legally and entitled to the privilege of the elective franchise on the day before the twenty-first anniversary of his birth. In other words, a man born on the 8th day of November, 1861, can vote on age at the next election, on the 7th of November, 1882.

OCTOBER RAMBLING.

"Doing" a Railroad City—Ayer Junction, the home of the "Hair Restorer" Man—Why its People do not Love his Memory.

[Editorial Correspondence.]

AYER, October 1, 1882.

In journeying from New Hampshire to Boston, in a somewhat circuitous course, the iron horse brought me to this busy railroad town, and here I alighted to spend a day or two in "doing" the place before continuing on to the Hub. Perhaps a few notes on the result of my observations will be of interest to the readers of the NEWS. Ayer, formerly Groton Junction, is a town of some 2,000 inhabitants. It is noted as a railroad centre and for the lack of enterprise displayed by its monied men. It has better railroad facilities than many of the large cities of New England and is located in a region adapted to manufacture, yet notwithstanding these advantages its growth is barely noticeable and its business on the wane. More business is transacted in Bellefonte in one hour than in Ayer in twenty-four. That familiar sign and reliable indicator of a decaying trade, "For Rent," is displayed before many store rooms, and several buildings, originally built for manufacturing purposes, are now standing idle. A liberal outlay of capital, backed up by push and energy, would no doubt work wonders for Ayer, but the change must go into effect immediately. The railroad business of the place is quite the reverse, however, and is about the only thing that prevents her citizens from nodding in their chairs. Fifty trains pass through daily, not including freight, and the din and uproar which prevails in the vicinity of the depot is deafening at times. The shriek of a Fitchburg railroad locomotive is enough to unjoint the spine of a nervous man, or kill him outright. A war whoop from a couple hundred Pawnee throats would be no comparison. Men of sensitive natures should "cotton" their ears before visiting Ayer, and if they would enjoy peaceful slumbers should pass the night underground. Ayer, as a place of residence, is rather a pretty town, and in the outskirts are to be found many handsome dwellings. I cannot say as much for the streets, however, which are uncomfortably narrow, and suggest that economy in space was the one thing thought of by those who laid them out. The sidewalks are correspondingly cramped and if two such portly individuals as Jesse Klinger should happen to meet one would be obliged to step into the street or lie down and allow the other to walk over him. The only public building of any consequence is the town hall, a structure which has quite a history, and with which is inseparably connected the name of Dr. J. C. Ayer, of "cherry pectoral" fame, whose name the town now bears in consideration of certain "gifts" bestowed by that gentleman. I quote the word because said gift was of such a nature as to involve the town in heavy debt from which it was never able to free itself. As I am informed the now, deceased pill manufacturer agreed to give $20,000 towards a town house provided the town raised as much more, the structure to be built in accordance with his own ideas. This proposition, which proved an unwise one, was accepted and the building was erected and "labeled" Ayer Town Hall. Shortly after its completion the building was pronounced unsafe and the town was obliged to make another expenditure to prevent the building from tumbling down. This unlooked for result increased the already heavy debt on the building, but did not increase the affections of the people for Mr. Ayer, who refused to open his purse and help them out of the difficulty in which he had involved them. Ayer died several years ago and left $3,000,000. His wealth was at one time computed at $7,000,000, $4,000,000 of which slipped through his fingers in bad investments. It was this loss, together with the blasting of his political aspirations, that hastened his death. No doubt he possessed some redeeming qualities, but the people of Ayer do not revere his memory. Groton, a town which might be termed the twin sister of Ayer, it being formerly a part of that place, is about three miles distant from here. It is a sleepy old town, ancient and aristocratic. It is one of the oldest towns in New England and shows its age plainly. There are many handsome residences in the place, and evidences of wealth and ease are displayed on every hand. The streets are broad and shaded by stately elms, and the lawns and gardens sloping down to them are handsomely laid out and well kept, giving to the place the appearance of a park. For a man who has amassed a fortune and desires to live a quiet life for the balance of his days, we doubt if he could find a place better suited to his tastes than Groton. E. L. G.

A Brilliant Wedding.

On Thursday evening, September 21, at the residence of Capt. Foote, Jefferson Barracks, Mo., Dr. L. A. Tesson, of St. Louis, was married to Miss Maggie Duncan, of Lewisburg. Dr. Tesson is a surgeon in the United States army. His bride is a sister of Mr. Wm. P. Duncan, of Philipsburg, and a niece of our townsman, Capt. W. W. Potter. Cards were received by many acquaintances of the bride in this place. The wedding festivities were conducted on a scale of considerable magnificence.

Through the kindness of Mrs. John B. Linn, of this place, we are permitted to make the following extract from the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*, a copy of which is in her possession:

At 8 o'clock the nuptial knot was tied by the Rev. Dr. Niccolls, of the Presbyterian church, in the presence of a large number of friends and relatives. The groom was in full regimentals, as were also all the officers of the garrison. The bride, a graceful and lovely woman, wore a short costume of mauve-colored silk; the underskirt trimmed with box-plaitings of the same, and the full draperies and pointed tablier adorned by a profusion of very handsome duchess lace. The high corsage was garnished by soft white tulle and a spray of white clematis and orange blossoms. Over the sleeves were worn long, white Bernhardt gloves. Her ornaments were diamond ear-rings and a pearl necklace.

Among the relatives of the bride present were her mother, Mrs. S. W. Duncan, and her three sisters, Mrs. M. D. Mitchell, Mrs. Capt. Foote, Mrs. Irwin, of Denver, and little nephew, Master William Foote, a handsome boy, with curly, golden hair.

Dr. Tesson and his bride will remain in St. Louis until the Doctor is relieved from his duties on the court-martial. They will then go to San Antonio. The happy pair received many bridal gifts, some of these being remarkably handsome. Among them were a case of silver spoons and forks and a heavy silver soup ladle, and enameled gold pin, from Gen. Neill; silver tea service of six pieces, on silver salver, from Capt. and Mrs. Foote; elegant silver tureen gold embossed, from Col. and Mrs. Green; two silver vegetable dishes, from Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Wilcox; silver ice bucket and fork, from "Tess and Laura," and many others equally elegant.

The dress worn by Mrs. Duncan, the bride's mother, is described as black gros grain, made short, with handsome fichu of white Spanish lace and white lace cap, with garniture of lavender ribbons.

Mrs. G. F. Foote, sister of the bride, wore a handsome seal brown gros grain silk, short costume, with duchess lace fichu and bouquet de corsage of wild roses; frosted silver ornaments.

Mrs. M. D. Mitchell, also a sister of the bride, handsome mourning toilet.

Mrs. D. A. Irwin, a superb costume of wine colored rhadames silk, en train, finished by fine knife plaitings, and the front of the jupe ornamented by a deep plaiting edged with gold-colored satin. The jupe trimmed en tablier, with gold colored satin above a broad puff of brocaded velvet, the same material mingled with the gold satin and wine-colored silk of the black drapery. V-shaped corsage, filled with soft white tulle, and long cordon of white roses; gold ornaments.

Canada Thistles.

We have been requested by our readers to give the law which provides for the extermination of Canada thistles, which we publish, quoting from Laws of Pennsylvania, page 164. The act was passed March 22, 1862:

SECTION 1. It shall be the duty of every person or persons, and of every corporation holding lands in this commonwealth, either by lease or otherwise, on which any Canada thistles, or weed commonly known as Canada thistles, may be growing, to cut the same, so as to prevent such weeds or thistles from going to seed, and the seed of the same from ripening; and any person or persons, or corporation as aforesaid, who shall or may have land as aforesaid, in the said countries, and who shall neglect or refuse to comply with this act shall forfeit and pay a fine of fifteen dollars, one-half to the county treasurer, and the other half to the use of the person suing for the same (who shall be a competent witness to prove the facts), to be recovered as other debts of the like amount, before any justice of the peace, or in any court of record in said county.

SECTION 2. If any person or persons, or corporation so holding lands as aforesaid, on which Canada thistles or the weeds commonly known as such, shall be growing and likely to ripen seeds thereon, shall neglect or refuse to cut and destroy the same, so as to prevent the seed thereof from ripening, it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons, who may consider themselves aggrieved, or about to be injured by such neglect or refusal, to give five days' notice in writing to such person or persons, or corporation, to cut and destroy such weeds or thistles; and on their refusal to cut and destroy the same, at the end of five days, it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons so aggrieved, or believing themselves about to be injured thereby, to enter upon, or hire other persons to enter upon such premises, and cut down and destroy such Canada thistles; and the person or persons so employed, shall be entitled to recover from such person or persons, or corporation owning or holding such lands, compensation at the rate of two dollars per day, to be sued for and recovered as debts of like amount, before any justice or court in said counties.

Huntingdon Presbytery.

TUESDAY, OCT. 3.

The above body convened in regular session at Shade Gap, Huntingdon county, on Tuesday morning, the 3d instant. The attendance of ministers was large, but the elders were not so numerous as on several previous occasions.

Rev. Dr. Hamill, of Oak Hall, was made a member of the Standing Committee on Assessments.

A call from the Sinking Creek congregation for the pastoral services of Rev. W. K. Foster, of Centre Hall, was received, and that gentleman was examined with a view to ordination, the examination being sustained.

Presbytery voted to proceed to the ordination of Rev. W. K. Foster. Mr. Foster preached from John, iii: 14,15. The trial sermon was sustained. Rev. H. S. Butler preached the ordination sermon from Gallatians, vi: 14. Rev. Dr. Hamill proposed the constitutional questions, and made the ordination prayer. The ordination was completed by the laying on of hands, and extending the right hand of fellowship.

November 14 at 11 o'clock a. m. was fixed for the installation of Mr. Foster as pastor of Spring Creek congregation, Rev. Mr. Laurie to preach the sermon, Rev. Mr. Parker to charge the people, and Rev. Dr. Hamill to charge the pastor.

WEDNESDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The relief committee recommended an appropriation to Rev. Dr. Gibson for the year commencing on July 1, 1882, of $400. Unanimously adopted.

The session closed on Wednesday evening with a sermon by Rev. William Laurie.

Nominating a Senator.

The *Daily Journal* and the *Evening Express*, of Lock Haven, agree in their accounts of the suspicious events which attended the final sittings of the conferees of the 34th Senatorial district which nominated Hon. Cyrus T. Alexander.

They say that A. J. Jackson, one of the Clearfield conferees, and George Ronion, proprietor of the Opera House saloon, at Lock Haven, acted as agents to corrupt the morals of R. C. Quiggle and James Wensel, conferees of Clinton county, by offering them money. The conferees who had been approached in this manner imparted the information to Mr. Caldwell and were advised by him to accept part of the money, and did so, merely for the purpose of procuring sufficient evidence to convict the bribers. Four hundred dollars was the amount of bribe money at once paid over to them.

When the conferees met at 4 o'clock p. m. on Friday it was found that those from Clinton county had withdrawn from the conference on the plea that Clinton county would not be a party to a nomination made by delegates representing bribery and composed of bribers. It is also said that the Centre county conferees acted in bad faith in meeting before the time to which adjournment had been made. When a ballot was taken Jackson and Mead, of Clearfield county, voted for Alexander, nominating him, and his nomination was made unanimous.

The alleged bribers, Jackson and Ronoin, were arrested and bound over in the sum of $1,000 bail for their appearance at court. Of course, they deny that there was any bribery in the transaction.

A Fruitless Chase.

One day last week while the inmates of a well-to-do family residing near Martha Furnace were about to partake of their afternoon meal, the head of the household happened to cast his optics toward a neighboring field where his attention was aroused by an object moving along near the fence adjoining the mountain side. The family did not notice the intense and riveted gaze of their venerable head, but were at once thrown into a state of consternation when in a voice of frenzy and excitement he exclaimed, "A Bear!" All eyes were turned in the direction indicated and to their surprise they saw Bruin moving cautiously along.

In the twinkling of an eye all hands employed about the place started off in hot pursuit, with guns, revolvers and whatever instruments of warfare could be secured, fully determined to extinguish his Bearship's light and life. Meanwhile, the female members of the family waited to hear the reports from the various parties, whetting their appetites for bearsteaks at the evening meal.

Lo! they returned empty handed and with down-cast and averted eyes. Had Bruin indeed become the conqueror and carried one of their number to his lair in the mountain fastnesses? Was he even now feasting upon human flesh? Thoughts such as these flashed through the minds of those who saw the bear hunters returning; but their fear was soon turned into uproarous laughter when informed that the supposed bear was nothing but a hog which had strayed from its usual paths and entered the field. Much of the merriment was at the expense of the head of the family who had first made the mistake. He will inspect an animal closely hereafter before he pronounces it a bear.

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. Alf. Martin, of Clearfield, arrived in town Monday morning.

E. J. Pruner, Esq., of Tyrone, spent Sunday with his friends in this place.

Miss Nannie Schrock, of this place, is visiting her sister in Lock Haven.

Miss Virginia Henderson, of Philadelphia, is the guest of Mrs. W. P. Wilson.

Mr. Edward Garman understands perfectly the art of managing oyster suppers and ice cream festivals.

T. C. Hipple and W. C. Kress, Esqs., of Lock Haven, dispensed their agreeable presence in Bellefonte last week.

Edward Graham, we are glad to record, has returned home, having almost recovered from his severe illness.

Hon. S. H. Yocum arrived home on Monday of last week, accompanied by his pleasant wife and children. They have been visiting in New York State.

Mr. Randolph Nightingale, lately with H. Y. Stitzer, Esq., has gone to Philadelphia to resume his medical studies at the Jefferson Medical College.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Malin, of Howard street, are entertaining two lady guests—Mrs. Elwood Burns and Miss Maggie J. Burns, both of Chester county, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. John I. Olewine arrived home from their "honeymoon" journey on Thursday and ate a sumptuous supper in their new home that evening.

Mr. S. Goldsmith returned from New York State, recently, accompanied by his sister, Miss Fannie Goldsmith, who will make her home here for the present.

—Mrs. Daniel Derr, of this place, died at the Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania on Friday night, the 6th instant. She was taken from her home in this place to the hospital on Monday of last week for the purpose of having an operation performed on a tumorous formation with which she had long been afflicted. This operation was a last resort as she knew that the tumor was slowly but surely consuming her life, and as possible relief was held out to her as a result of this operation, she determined to take advantage of all that surgical skill could accomplish. The operation, it was thought, was successfully performed and on Thursday word was received in this place that she had experienced great relief. This welcome intelligence was followed, on Saturday, by the announcement of her death. Mrs. Derr's maiden name was Eliza Bergstresser. Her early home was in Selinsgrove. Her husband, the late Daniel Derr, died only a short time ago. She was a pleasant, cheerful lady and had reached quite an advanced age. Her remains arrived home Monday morning on the 10 o'clock mail. The funeral took place from her late residence yesterday (Tuesday) afternoon at 2 o'clock.

—The Greenback-Labor county committee met in office of Hon. S. H. Yocum, on Friday, and nominated a full county ticket as follows:

For Assembly—George Alexander, Leonard Rhone.

For Jury Commissioner—Andrew J. Shively.

For Coroner—Dr. J. D. P. Glenn, Snow Shoe.

Congressional Conferees—John I. Thompson, Martha; J. Miles Green, H. W. Hoover.

Senatorial Conferees—A. J. Shively, John M. Smith, John Dawson.

—The annual meeting for the election of officers was held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms Friday evening with the following result:

President—Dr. J. W. Rhone.

Vice President—W. I. Fleming.

Recording Secretary—Charles F. Cook.

Treasurer—J. W. Gephart, Esq.

Executive Committee—D. S. Keller, W. S. Zeller, F. Potts Green, James A. Beaver, Clement Dale, A. S. Valentine, R. E. Shaffer and N. S. Bailey.

—Prof. Lane gave two successful oratorio entertainments in Williamsport, and is now in Tyrone, where he is organizing a class for the same purpose.

—The adjourned convention of the Pennsylvania Central diocese of the Episcopal church, which includes St. John's church, of this place, will meet in Christ's cathedral, Reading, on October 10, for the election of an assistant bishop. Rev. Cyrus F. Knight, of Lancaster, who was balloted for at the meeting of the convention at Mauch Chunk, but whose name was withdrawn, will again be presented for the sacred office. Rev. Mr. McConnell, of St Stephen's church, Philadelphia, is also mentioned for the office of assistant bishop.

MARRIED.

JOHNSONBAUGH—LOCHARD.—On September 2d, 1882, by R. H. Stine, Esq., at his office in Patton township, Benjamin Johnsonbaugh, of Buffalo Run, and Miss Levina Lochard, of Milesburg.

MUSSER—GRADEN.—On the 28th of September, by Rev. Z. A. Yearick, at Aaronsburg, Mr. A. Mitchell Musser and Miss Catharine L. Graden, both of near Aaronsburg.

RISHEL—MILES.—On September 20th, at the home of the bride's parents, Milesburg, Mr. A. W. Rishel, of Centre Hill, Centre county, and Miss Mary J. Miles, of Milesburg, Centre county, Pa.

DIED.

PHILLIPS.—On the 28th of September, 1882, George Calvin, son of Mr. B. F. Phillips, of Penn township, aged 1 year and 8 days.

SMITH.—On the 28th of September, 1882, Mrs. Hannah Smith, of Penn township, aged 61 years, 8 months and 13 days.

KEEN.—On the 29th of September, in Millheim, after a long illness, Mr. John Keen, aged 72 year, 11 months and 6 days.

Pittsburgh Markets.

Corrected weekly for the REPUBLICAN by

R. BEATTY, SON & CO.,
No. 193 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., wholesale PRODUCE COMMISSION HOUSE.
Established in 1850. They receive and sell all kinds of Country Produce, Domestic and Foreign Fruit and Vegetables.
Shippers and country dealers having seasonable produce, etc., for sale are invited to consign or correspond.

PITTSBURGH, PA., October 9, 1882.

Business continues very active and values rule steady. The demand for apples continues very active. Eggs are firm. Choice butter in good demand.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

APPLES—New, choice, per bbl. 2 50a3 00; medium, 1 50 a 2 00.
APPLE BUTTER—per gal. 50a70c.; Apple Jelly, 8a7c. per lb.
BUTTER—Dairy, 22a25c.; "Gilt Edge," 23a25c.; Creamery, 30a35c.; Choice Ohio, 15a17c., Extra Choice Ohio, 18a20c; Medium, 12a15c.
BEANS—Choice Navy at 3 00a3 25; Medium, 2 50a2 75; Mixed, 2 00a2 50; Lima, 6a6½c. lb.
BACON—Country, clear sides, 10a12c.; Ribs, 10a11c; Shoulders, 9a10c.
BROOM CORN—Extra choice green hurl, 10a10½c.; No. 1 hurl, 9a10c.; choice short green, 7a8c.; inferior, 5a6c.
CIDER—Per bbl, 9 00a10 00; crab apple, 9 00a10 00
DRIED FRUITS—Apples, sliced, 6a7c.; do., quarters, 5a6.; Peaches, halves, 6a7c; peeled, do, 15a18c.; pitted Cherries, 23a25c.; Raspberries, 34a35c.; Blackberries, 15a17c per lb.
FOREIGN FRUITS—Lemons, 4 00a5 00 per box.; Palermo Oranges, 5 50a8 00; Messina, 8 00a8 50.
FEATHERS—Live Geese, per lb., 56a60c; Mixed, 45a50c.
EGGS—Strictly fresh, 23a25c.
SEEDS—Timothy, per bushel, 2 00a2 25; Clover, 5 25a5 50 for small; 5 65a5 85 for small
VINEGAR—Choice Wine and Malt, 25a30c. per gal.; Country 10a13c. per gal., as to quality.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, 55a 70c. per bush Bananas, 2 00 to 4 00 per bunch; Plums, 3 75 to 4 00 per bush., 6 50a7 00 per stand; Onions, 2 00 to 2 50 per bbl.; Pears, 6 00a10 per bbl.; Peaches, per bush., 1 50a2 50; Sweet Potatoes, Jersey, 3 25 to 3 50 per bbl.; Baltimore, 2 50a 2 75; Grapes, 5 to 7c. per lb.

GROCERIES.

GREEN COFFEE—Fancy Rio, per lb. 13½c.; do., 13c.; Prime Rio, 11½c.; Good Rio, 10½c.; Ordinary, 9½c.; Java, 20a22c.
ROASTED COFFEE—In paper, per lb., 14a 14½c.; lower grades, 12½a13c; in bulk, 11½a 15c.; Java, paper, 24a26c.; Java, bulk, 20a25c.
SUGARS—Standard A, per lb., 9¾c.; Windsor A 9¼c.; Prairie B, 8¾c.; Refined Yellow, 8a 8½c.; Molasses Yellow, 7½a8c.; Granulated, 10c.; Powdered, 10¾c; Crushed, low, 10¾c.; Cut Loaf, 10¾c
SYRUPS—Choice Maple Flavored, 48c.; Prime Maple Flavored, 46c; Choice Sugar Syrup, 53a55c.
RICE—Rangoon, per lb., 6¼a6¾c.; Carolina, 7½a8½c.
NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES—Choice, 72c.; Strictly Prime, 70c.; Prime, 68c.
TEAS—Young Hyson, per lb., 25c.a1 00; Gunpowder, 25c a1 00; Imperial, 35a80c.; Japan, 23a70c.; Oolong, 22a75c.; Souchong, 22a65c.

GRAIN, FLOUR, FEED, ETC.

WHEAT—Prime Red Winter, 1 00a1 05; Medium, 1 00a1 05; Old, 1 15.
CORN—High Mixed Shelled, 69a70; Yellow, Shelled 71a72; Ear Corn, 70a75.
OATS—37a42.
FLOUR—Fancy Patents (spring and winter) 7 00a7 50; Fancy St. Louis (winter), 7 75a8 00; Fancy Family, White, Amber and Winter, 6 00 a6 25; Choice Family (choice red winter), 5 25 a6 00; XX Family (medium winter), 5 50a 5 75; XXX Bakers' (Minnesota), 6 25a6 50; XX Bakers' (Wisconsin), 6 00a6 25; Cornmeal, 85a90c., in paper; Oatmeal—medium brand—7 25a7 50 per bbl.; Fancy, 7 75a8 00. Rye Flour, 4 50a4 75
HAY—Prime Timothy, baled, at 13 00a15 00 per ton; Prime new, Loose, 12 00a15 00; Prairie, 9 00a10 00.

PROVISIONS AND LIVE STOCK.

PROVISIONS—Ex. S. C. Hams, per lb. 16½c.; Ex. S. C. Shoulders, 12½c.; Ex. S. C. Breakfast Bacon, 17½c.; Ex. S.C. Dried Beef, in sets, 13½c.; Beef Tongues, per doz., 7 00; Lard, Refined, summer use, in tierces, 13½c.; do., in half bbls., 14c.; do., in buckets, 14c.; do., 3 lb. pails, 60 lbs. in case, 14½c.; do., 5 lb. pails, 14½c.; do. in 6 lb. pails, 14½c.; do. in 10 lb. pails, 14½c.
CATTLE—Fair to Prime Shipping, 6 00a 6 75; Common to Good Butchering, 4 50a6 00; Bulls and Fat Cows, 3 50a5 00; Veals, 6a7c.
SHEEP—Common to Fair, 4 00a4 25; Good to Prime, 4 50a5 75; Lambs, 4 50a5 50.
HOGS—Philadelphia Hogs, 8 75a9 00; Good Corn Fed Yorkers, 8 25a8 50; Grassers, 7 50a8 00.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, October 10, 1882.

Wheat—No. 1, per bushel	$1 05
Wheat—No. 2,	90
Wheat—No. 3,	80
Rye per bushel	80
Corn, cob	90
Corn, shelled, old	90
Oats	45
Cloverseed	5 50@6 00
Flour, old wheat, retail, per barrel	7 00
Flour, old wheat, wholesale	5 75

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$10 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$7 00
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	9 00

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	6
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	25
Beans per quart	10
Fresh butter per pound	25
Chickens per piece	20
Cheese per pound	15
Country hams per pound	16
Hams, sugar cured	18
Country Bacon	15
Lard per pound	15
Eggs per doz	20
Potatoes per bushel, new	50
Dried beef	22
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	20
Canned tomatoes per can	15
Lemons per doz	40
Dried sweet corn per pound	16